### CLEVELAND (TO 1868)

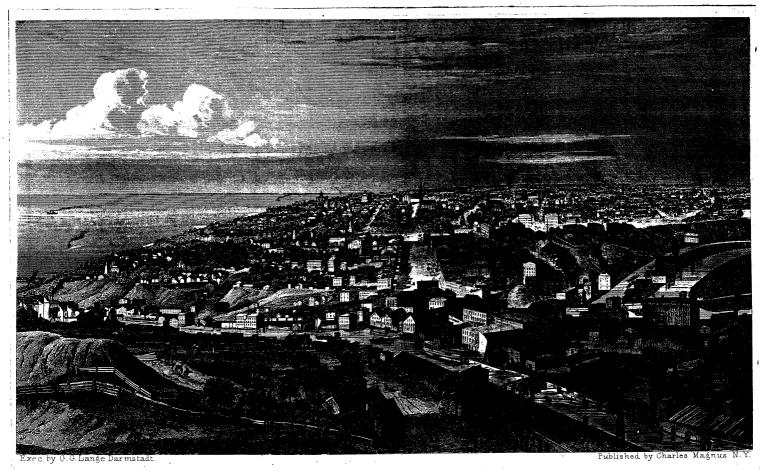
### THOMAS F. ALLEN

# AS RECEIVED BY THE EXHIBITION PHOTOCOPY COMMITTEE

OF THE

U.S. PHILATELIC CLASSICS SOCIETY, INC.

18 SEPTEMBER 1992

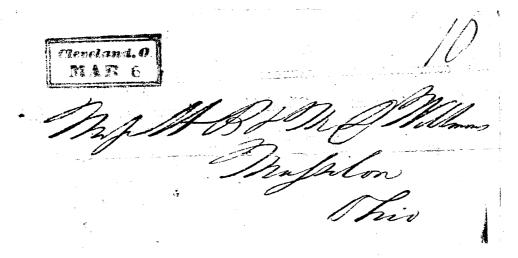


CLEVELAND.

Looking east over Cuyahoga River; wide street is Superior 1853

### Cleveland (To 1868)

The exhibit displays Cleveland, Ohio postmarks, rate and auxiliary markings from 1806 through 1868 to illustrate U.S. postal practices and rates through the stampless period and early stamp issues.



1834 Cleveland box, Type V (modern spelling); unpaid 1825 Act single rate 30-80 miles

Cleanland Ohio 13th March 25

Asa Shalding Eg "

Connseller at Law

Fromich

That of Connections.

1806: 1799 single rate over 500 miles
One earlier Cleveland cover outside archives is reported.
Earliest known Cleveland manuscript is December 11, 1804.
Earliest known Cleveland manuscript outside archives is October 8, 1805.

### Cleveland (To 1868)

Order of Exhibit

A. Domestic Rates

1799

1814 War Rate

1816, modified 1825 and 1827

1845

1847 California

1851

1855

B. Special Rates

Drop

Circular

1863 Act

1862 Act Branch Office

C. Free

D. Auxiliary Markings

Advertised

Not Called For

Direct To Street & Number

Mis-sent

Forwarded

E. Locals and Carriers

Letter Express

Kellogg

**Bishop** 

F. Steamboats

G. Railroads

H. Express Companies

Union Line Express

**United States Express** 

Money Letter

J. Destinations

Canada

Germany

**England** 

France

Netherlands

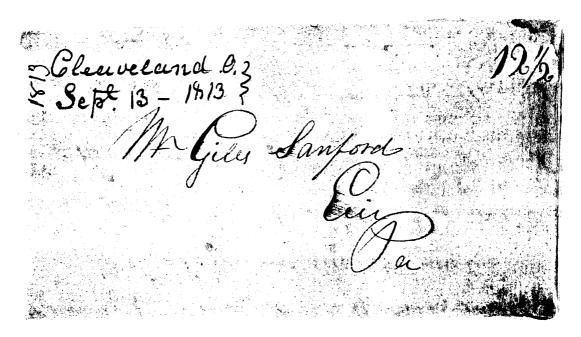
Australia

Brazil

Townmarks and rate marks are identified in the exhibit. Cleveland townmarks known during exhibit period include manuscript (before and after the straight line), straight line, double line box (5 types and one subvariety), circle date stamps (eight types, including two with and without duplex cancels) and circle townmarks with rates.

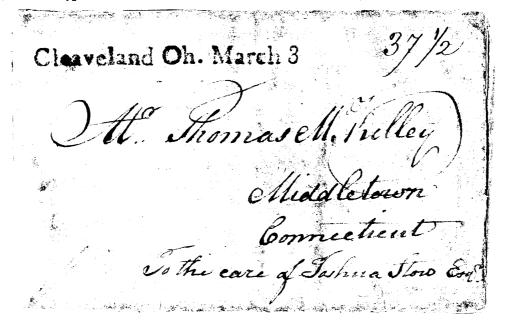
Data and type designations are based upon 19TH Century Cleveland, Ohio, Postal

Markings, published in 1991 by Garfield-Perry Stamp Club.



Report of Lake Erie battle from D.L. Jones 1813: Unpaid - 90 to 150 miles per sheet

Until April 1, 1855 prepayment of postage was optional. Unless marked "Paid", postage was collected from recipient.



#### 1815 Type II (ASCC)

Single sheet with separate letters from each parent Single rate: Over 500 miles (25c + 12-1/2c) 1814 war rate 50% surcharge Feb. 1, 1815 to March 31, 1816 April 1816 reverted to 1799 rates New rates May 1, 1816

ASCC lists three types of straight line. Four styles are now known; the one not in ASCC is known only in archives.

Nineteen (including two red) examples recorded; only eight (all black) may be outside archives.

0. Cleaveland: Oh'

# Cleaveland: 01. Dec 16

Archives only: Four examples
December (3), 1813 and January (1), 1814
Ornamental type
Size: 43mm x 5mm
Two "e" in "Cleaveland"

# Cleavland: Oh' July 3

1. Cleavland: Oh' (ASCC Type I)

Three examples (two in archives)

June (2) and July (1), 1814

Size: 41mm x 5mm

No second "e" in "Cleavland"

### Cleaveland Oh. March 3

Cleaveland Oh. (ASCC Type II)
 Nine examples (four in archives)
 August (1), October (3) and December (2), 1814
 and February (2) and March (1), 1815
 Two "e" in "Cleaveland"
 Ohio: "Oh." not "Oh"
 Generally colon after month
 Size: 45mm x 5mm

# Cleaveland O. August 11

Three examples (two in archives)
August (1) and September (2), 1815
Ohio: "O." not "Oh."
Size: 41mm x 5.5mm

3. Cleaveland O. (ASCC Type III)

Chariland O. February of A. 30

Louville Alarch 13

Line Connection

Care of Jashua Flow Gyspan Charles

Care of Jashua Flow Gyspan Charles

Forwarded at extra charge rated from place forwarded 1815

		Rate	
	Distance	1799	1814
Cleveland, Ohio to Lowville, N.Y.	Over 300 not exceeding 500	20	30
Lowville, N.Y. to Middletown, Conn.	Over 150 not exceeding 300	_17	25-1/2
,	J	37	55-1/2

Sowoica diareh 13

25/n

25/n

Thomas Ch. helley)

Slidation

Care of Johna Stronberg Connections

Hate of H. S.

Letter dated "Cleaveland Febry 2, 1815"
"I forward this by Mr. Hanchet who goes...to Buffalo...I think he will take the stage at Buffalo and go as far as Albany at least..."

Canandaigua, N.Y. to Lowville, N.Y.			
Lowville, N.Y. to Middletown, Conn.			

1818: Unpaid - 150 to 400 miles: 18-1/2

Rate (April 1816): Restored 1799 rates No April 1816 Cleveland cover is reported in or out of archives.

Rate (May 1, 1816 to June 30, 1845) per sheet:

per sheet 30 miles -- 6c Not over per sheet Over 30 but not over 80 miles -- 10c Over 80 but not over 150 miles -- 12-1/2c per sheet Over 150 but not over 400 miles -- 18-1/2c per sheet 18-3/4c per sheet (after March 2, 1825) per sheet

400 miles -- 25c Over

Additional sheet - additional rate After 1827, if one ounce and more, quadruple rate plus additional single rate for each additional 1/4 ounce.

Me Gent Man 2 95

Marborough,

Marthord-County

Connecticution

1820: Unpaid - Over 400 miles
Datelined Brooklyn
No Brooklyn post office until 1830
Became Ohio City 1836
Discontinued 1854 after Cleveland and Ohio City merged.

Cleaved: O. Aug. 13

Peccived, rbug. t 20th 965

Wh William L. Foots

East-Windson.

Buttford County:

Connecticuts

1816 Rates: Manuscript and Box Unpaid and Paid

Coel Foote Edy a

Marthon Courty

Marthon Courty

Morthon Comments

Morthon Comments

Shown ...

1825: Unpaid - Over 400 miles

(By way of Sower Sandusky) P.11D

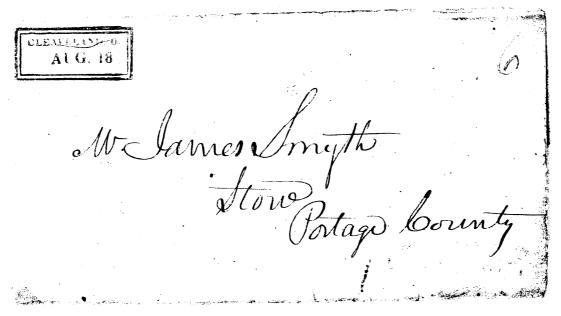
John Carry Egg

Tyannochte Cruk

Crawford Co.

Ohio

1827: Paid - 80 to 150 miles Earliest reported PAID handstamp marking Type I Box



Type I Box: 1827: Unpaid - Not over 30 miles

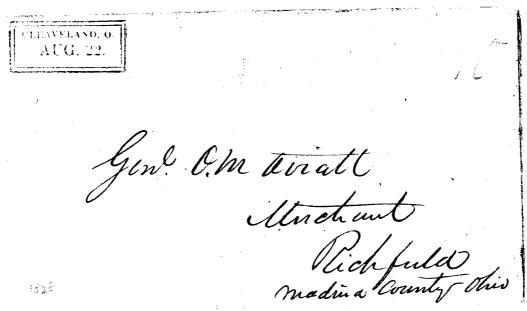
### CLEVELAND BOX TOWNMARK

Between 1826 and 1834 the Cleveland, Ohio townmark was a red, double-line box. Size varied.

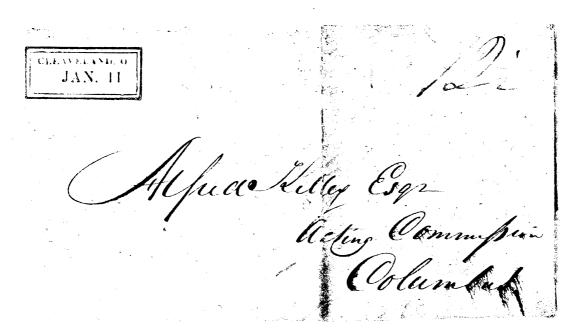
Five major type of boxes (and one subvariety) are known. They are shown with the 25c rate.

All Cleveland boxes, other than Type V used in 1834, included the original spelling Cleaveland.

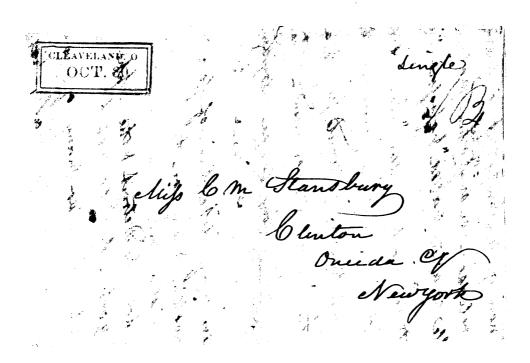
During the period of the Cleveland box, the May 1, 1816 rates, as modified in 1825 and 1827, for single sheet letters weighing less than one ounce were applicable. Examples of Type I box illustrate each of the five single sheet rates.



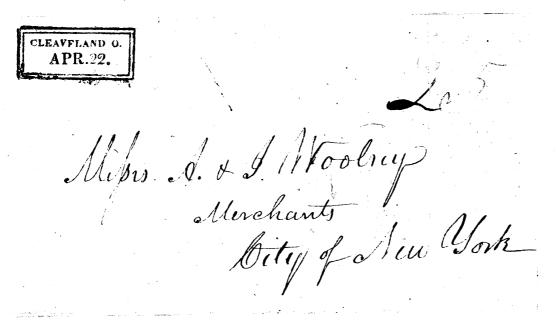
Type I Box: 1828: Unpaid - 30 to 80 miles



Type I Box: 1828: Unpaid - 80 to 150 miles



Type I Box: 1827: Unpaid - 150 to 400 miles (18-3/4c after 1825)



Type I: 1826: Unpaid: Over 400 miles

Each of the five major types of boxes (and one subvariety) are illustrated by examples with the 25c rate.

Aug. 2.

Aug. 2.

Aug. 2.

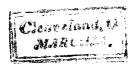
Same D. Barnara

Chester

Chester County

Penna

Type II: 1830: Paid





William to Woolsey in

Smile

Type IIa: 1830: Unpaid: Over 400 miles Date in italics

Types of Cleveland Box Townmarks (450 recorded: 239 outside archives)

Type I:

All caps

1826 - 1829

53 recorded outside archives

Type III:

Upper and lower case; large type

"C" and "O" oval

1831

Eight recorded outside archives

Type II:

Upper and lower case; large type

"C" and "O" almost round

1829 - 1831

35 recorded outside archives

Type IV:

Upper and lower case

Smaller type size

1831 - 1834

Common type (120 recorded outside archives)

Type IIa: Month in italics

March, 1830

Five recorded outside archives

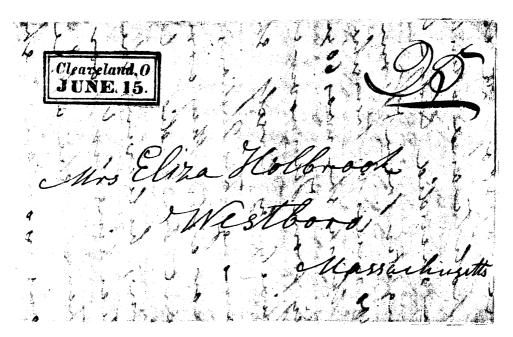
Type V:

Upper and lower case; smaller type

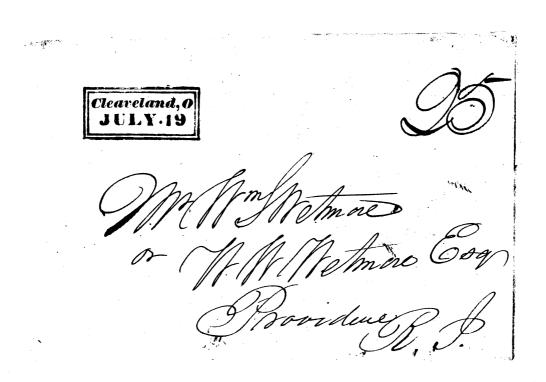
Modern spelling of Cleveland

1834

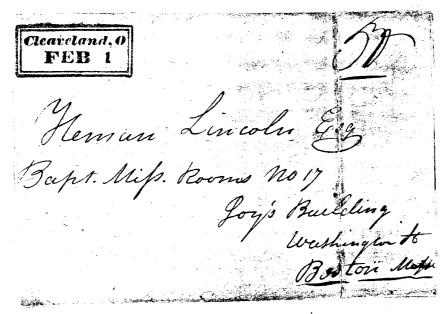
18 recorded outside archives



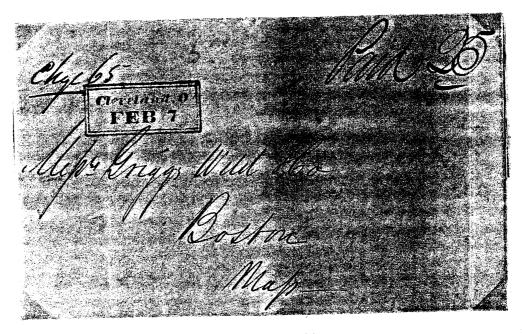
Type III: 1831: Unpaid



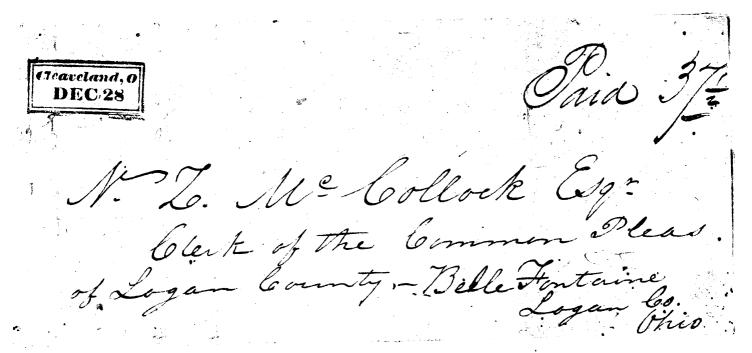
Type IV: 1832: Unpaid



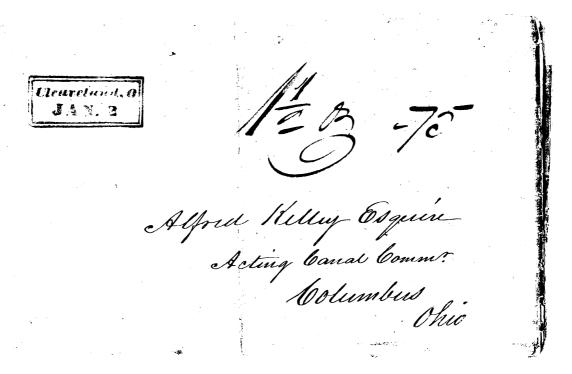
Type IV: 1832: Unpaid double rate Over 400 miles



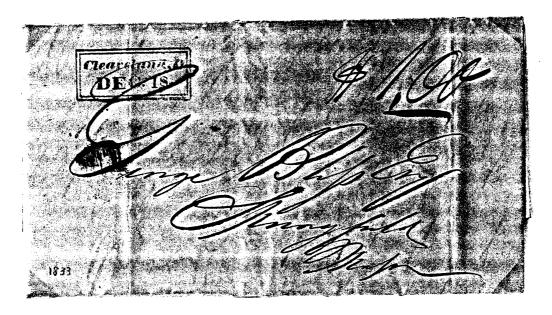
Type V: 1834: Paid



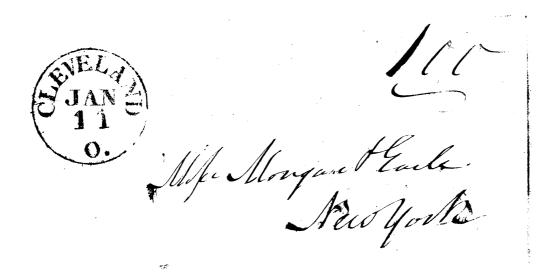
Type IV Box: Paid 12-1/2 triple rate: Enclosures: 80 to 150 miles



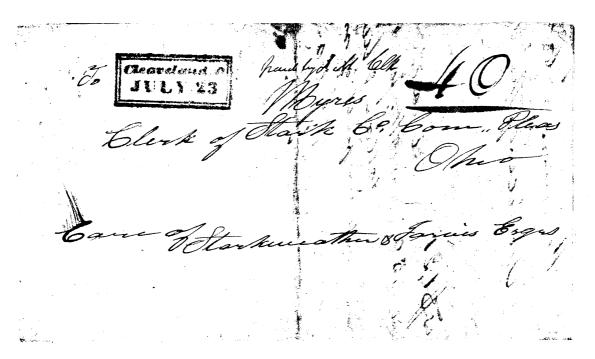
Type IV Box: 1834: Unpaid 12-1/2 sextuple rate: 80 to 150 miles Quadruple rate one or pieces of paper weighing one ounce plus one rate for each additional quarter ounce



1833 Type IV Box Four times 25c - 1 ounce rate Letter notes two enclosures



1838 C1
Four times 25c - 1 ounce rate
Letter encloses promissory note



Type IV Box: 1833: Unpaid quadruple rate 30 to 80 miles

Jito Jehr Jem 1843.

So the Clerk of Fairfield

Common Clear

Opines in open compancas ter

at thoroughest Jobstondless,

Ravivanystern

1843 C1 (late use) Eight times 18-3/4 rate - 2 ounces



1837 C1: 4mm letters, 30mm circle; known use 1834 to 1844

Mailed to Boston for missionaries in Hawaii "care" of American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions"

ABCFM forwarded, by private ship, with other mail.

#### **CIRCLE TOWNMARKS**

Use of circle townmarks began in Cleveland in 1834. Eight types were in use during this exhibit's period including two with and without attached killers. They are numbered C1 to C8. Distinguishing characteristics and period of use are noted on subsequent pages. Colors known are:

Red Orange C1-2 Dark Red C1-4 Blue C1-3 and C7-8 Black C1-8

Met Seth Low to

1843 C2: Over 400 miles: 25c 3mm letters; 30mm circle; spaced "E-V" Known use 1842 to 1852

I clige 73 3
Abberth of Dimmis Com. Pleas

Akron Plannis Co

Filed & Lummons issued Office

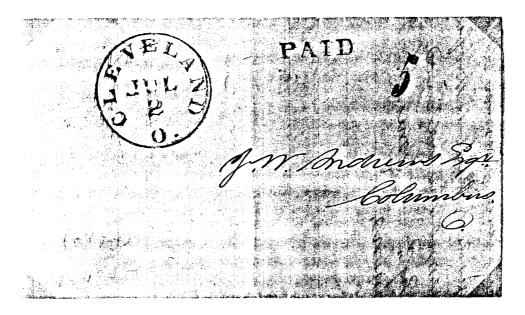
Fully 12 1840

1840 C1: Over 30 under 80 miles
PAID 16 x 4
Charge to sending law firm account (#73) at Post Office; firm's initials

Charge accounts tolerated, not sanctioned, by Post Office Risk of collection on local postmaster

Can of Milliam Scott Eggs Allsborough Ohio

1840 C1 paid: Triple 18-3/4 rate: Deposition enclosed: PAID 16 x 4



1845 C2 July 2: Second day of new rate Slender 5 rate marking: PAID 18 x 4

#### **1845 Rates**

Effective July 1, 1845 to June 29, 1851, paid or unpaid

Under 300 miles 5c

Over 300 miles 10c

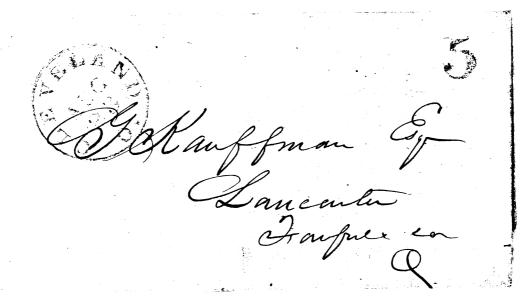
Based upon weight, not sheets of paper, single rate if not exceeding half ounce

#### **RATE MARKINGS**

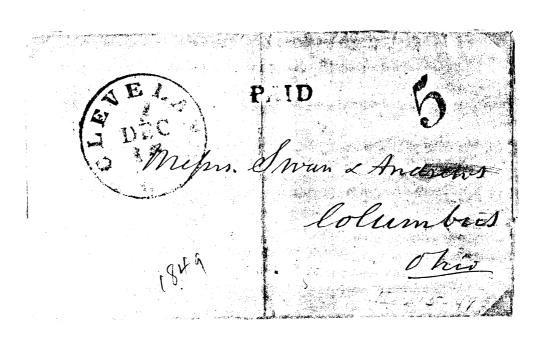
The 1845 rates lead to a variety of Arabic and Roman numeral rate markings.

The Manney &

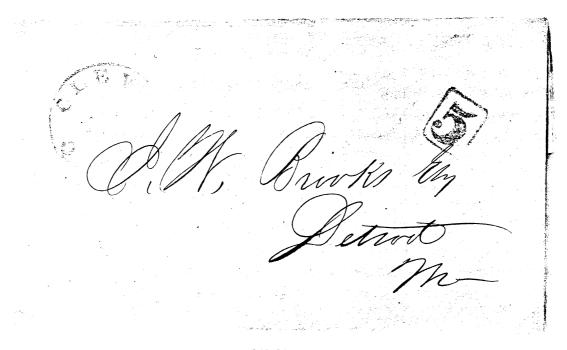
1846 C2 PAID: 16 x 4



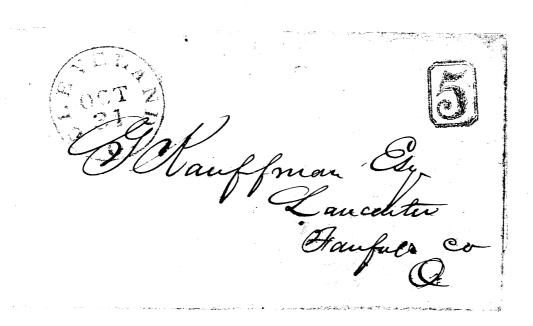
1845 C2 Under 300 miles Large 5



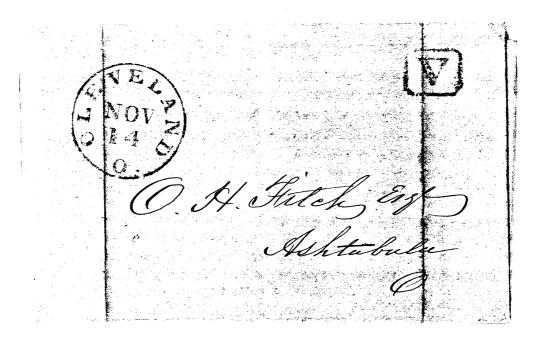
1849 C3: Italic 5: PAID 16 x 4
32-1/2mm circle; squat second E
C and D usually level with date
Space D-O 11mm
Known use 1849 to 1854



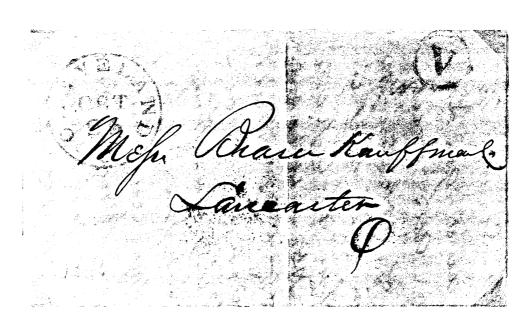
1849 C2 Unpaid: Under 300 miles Single line box 5 No single line box 10 recorded



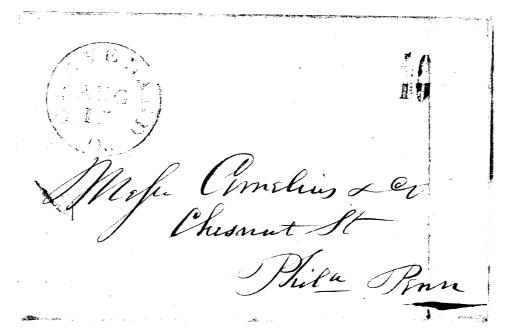
1845 C2 Unpaid: Under 300 miles Double line box 5



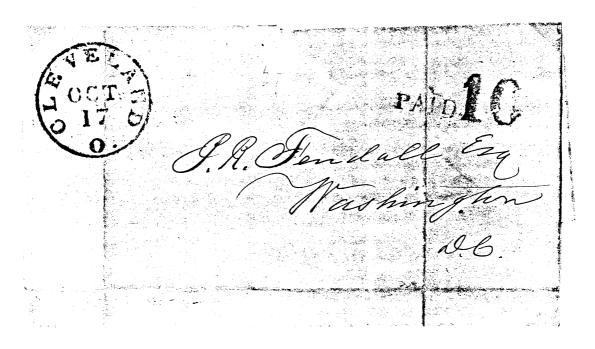
1847 C2
Unpaid: Under 300 miles
Box V
Double line box V recorded but not shown
No box X recorded



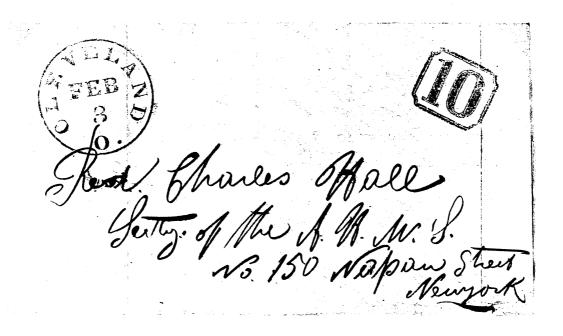
1846 C2 Single circle V No single circle X recorded



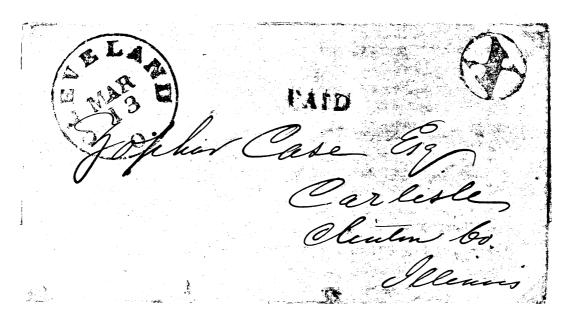
1845 C2: Unpaid single rate: Over 300 miles Slender 10 rate marking



1850 C2 Over 300 miles Large 10 PAID 16 x 4



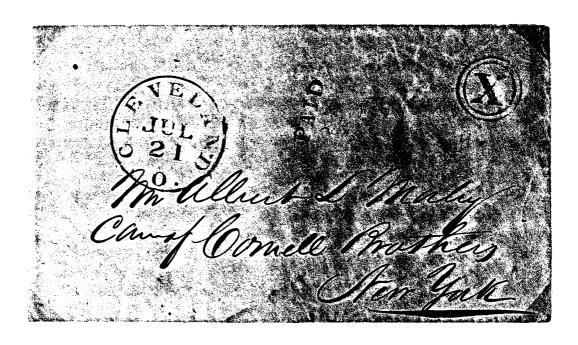
1846 C2 Unpaid double rate: Over 300 miles Double line box 10



1851 C3 Single rate: Over 300 miles Rates changed June 30, 1851 PAID 16 x 4

Muß Braser Kauffman G. Vancanter Franques .

1846 C2 Unpaid: Under 300 miles Double circle V



No year date: C2
Over 300 miles
Double circle X
Probably 1847 based upon color of rate marking
PAID 16 x 4

Ce. J. Tall cott.

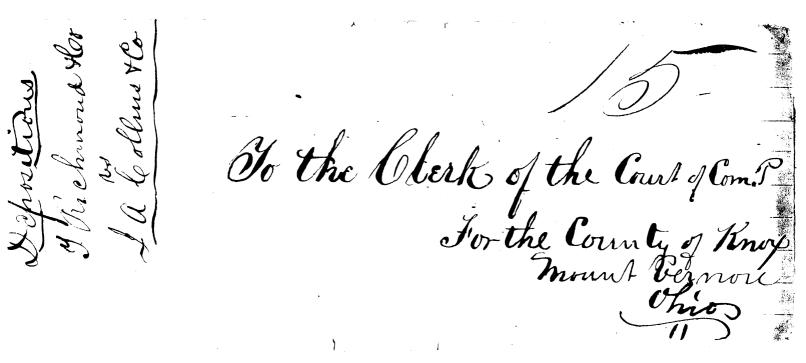
( Ordnance Beaucon)

Workington Car.

MOS Dec.

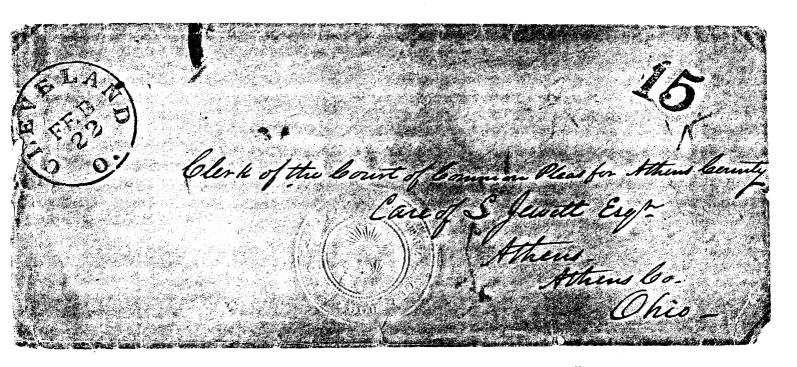
1846 C2 Over 300 miles: Cogwheel double circle X PAID 18 x 4

1845 Multiple Rates: Triple

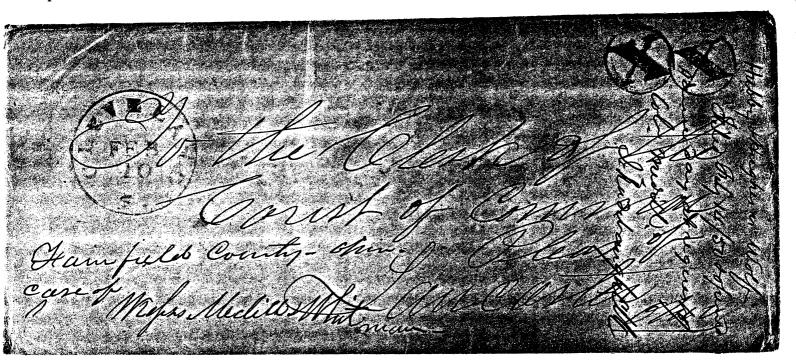


1846 C2: Unpaid triple rate: Under 300 miles: Manuscript rate

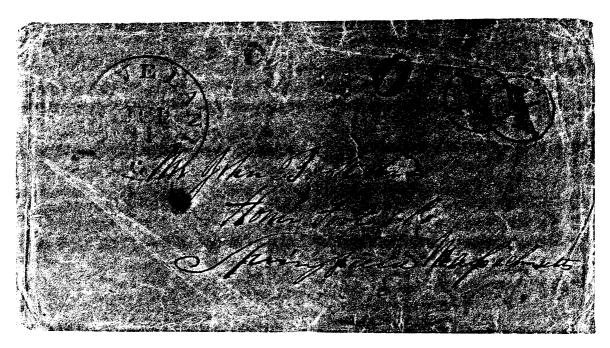
Triple rate (1-1/2 ounces) was abolished in March 1849 and restored July 1, 1851. During repeal any weight between 1 and 2 ounces was treated as quadruple rate cover.



1846-49 or 1852 C3: Unpaid triple rate: Either under 300 or 3,000 miles
No year date: C3 known 1849-1852: Probably 1852
Large numeral 10 and 40 recorded only during 1850s;
only large 5 recorded earlier than 1850.



1850 C3: Unpaid quadruple rate
During repeal of triple rate
Circle X markings are additive: 20c



Probably 1849-1850 C3: No year date: Additive rate: 20c rerated 30c

Destination over 300 and under 3,000 miles

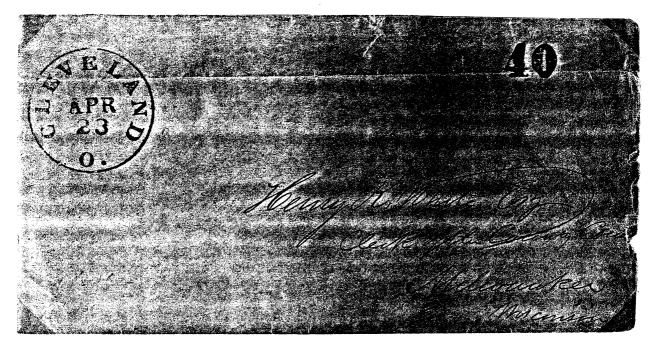
C3 known 1849-1852; red large circle X known 1849-1851

10 probably circle 10, unknown in Cleveland; 1849-1850 no triple rate: 1851 triple rate

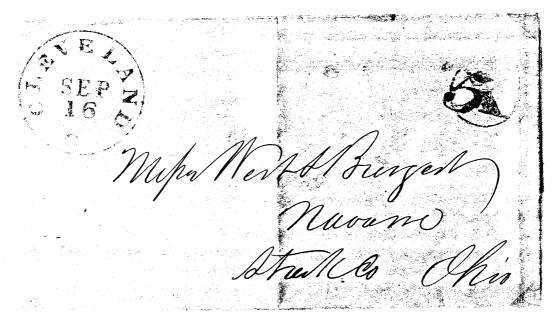
Probable two (rerated erroneously three) times single 1845 Act rate

July 11 if after 1851 Act: Four (rerated six) times single 1851 Act rate

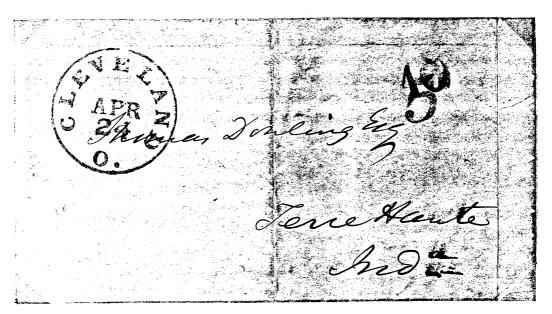
Edge creases do suggest bulky contents



No year date: C3
Probable 1850 quadruple single 10c rate: Over 300 miles
Unpaid 40
All recorded large 40s with year date are 1850
Large and small 40 markings in red
and blue shown with California rates



1849 C3
Unpaid single rate: Under 300 miles
No triple rate in 1849 after March
Letter does not note enclosures
Rerated cover; not additive markings

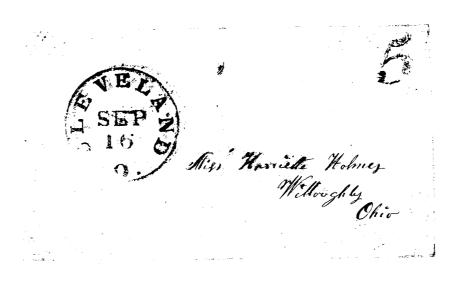


1851 C3
Unpaid single rate: Over 300 miles
Rated at Cleveland as unpaid single under 300 miles
Rerated, based upon mileage, at destination
"10" not a known Cleveland marking

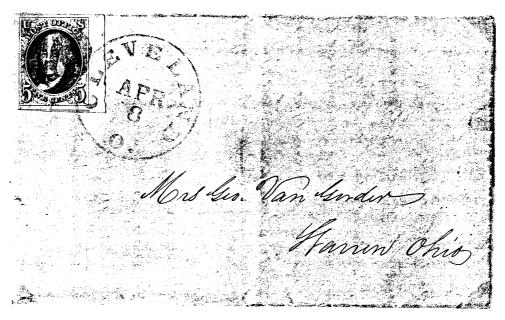


Year unknown (circa 1849): C3 1845 Rate: PAID 16 x 4

Different colors in townmarks and rate or other handstamps atypical. Cover rated when received at post office. Townmark applied when dispatched.



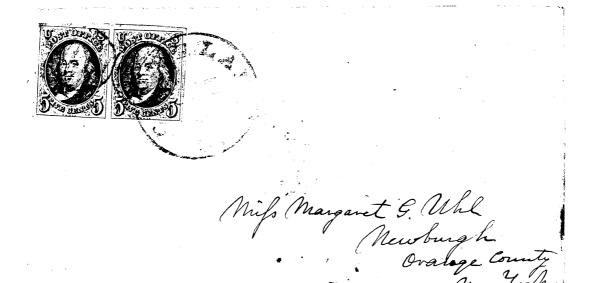
Year unknown (circa 1851): C2 1851 Unpaid rate



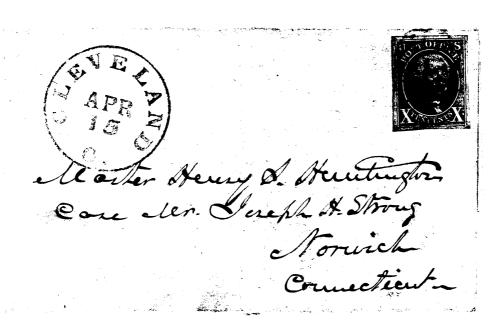
1851 C3 Orange brown Under 300 miles 10 used as killer

### Shipments of 1847 Issue to Cleveland

		Five	Ten
Date		Number	
1. August 5, 1847		1,200	400
2. October 4, 1847		1,200	400
3. November 11, 1847		1,200	400
4. February 5, 1848		1,000	500
5. March 14, 1848		1,200	400
6. June 3, 1848		2,000	1,000
7. October 31, 1848		2,000	500
8. February 24, 1849		1,000	500
9. May 10, 1849		2,000	1,000
10. November 8, 1849		4,000	1,000
11. May 21, 1850		5,000	1,000
12. November 18, 1850		6,000	2,000
,	Total	27,800	9,100



1850 C3
Pair of orange brown
Over 300 miles
(PF cert. 59954)



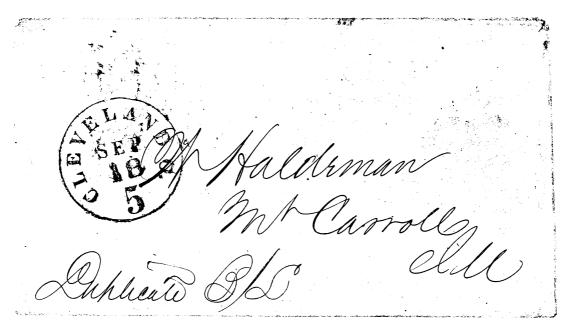
1850 C3 Over 300 miles



1850 C3 Large 40 1847 Act unpaid 40c single rate to California



1851 C3 Small 40



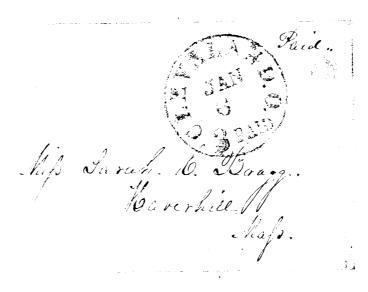
1851-1854: Unpaid 5

Single Rates: June 30, 1851 to March 31, 1855

Not exceeding 3,000 miles 3c prepaid
5c unpaid
Over 3,000 miles 6c prepaid
10c unpaid



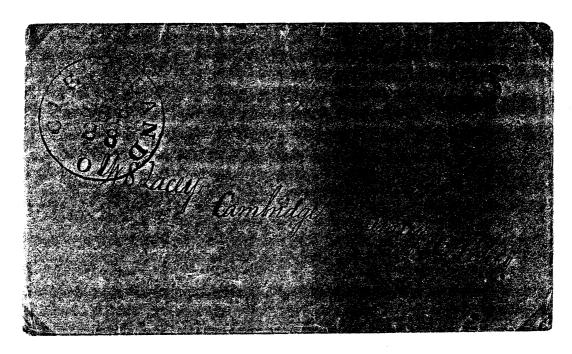
1852: Unpaid 5



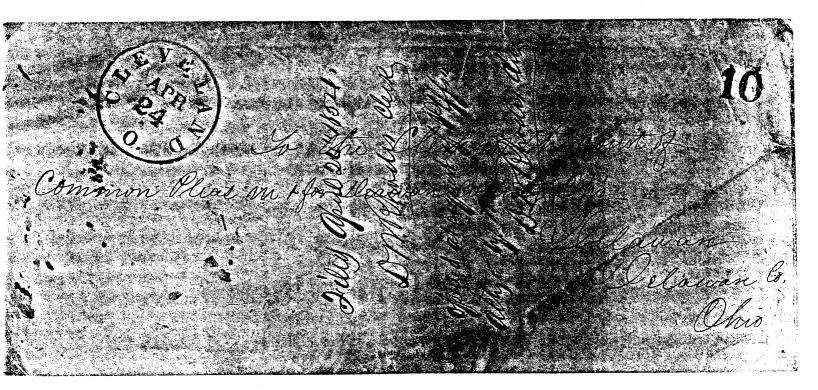
1851-1854: 3 PAID: 32-1/2 mm D and O close



1854-1856: 3 PAID: 31-1/2 mm Space between D and O

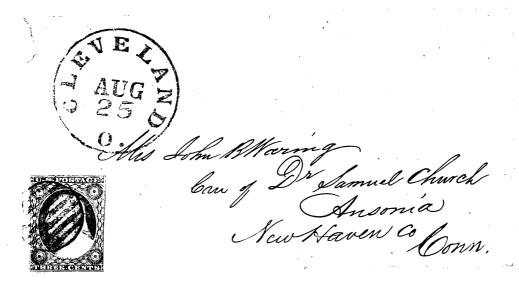


Year unknown (circa 1851): C3
32-1/2 mm circle
Squat second E: C and D usually level with date: Space D-O 11mm
Known use 1849 to 1854
With rates based on weight, envelopes became common.

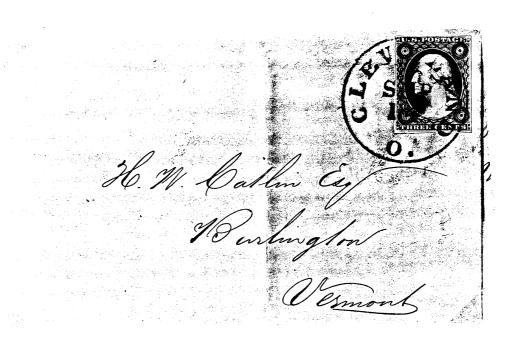


1854 C4: Small 10 Unpaid double rate: Under 3,000 miles 32 mm circle

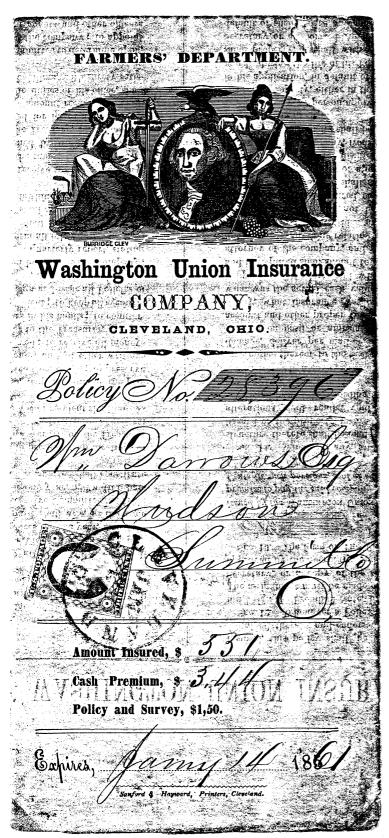
C and D below day: Space D-O 9 mm Known use 1850 to 1861



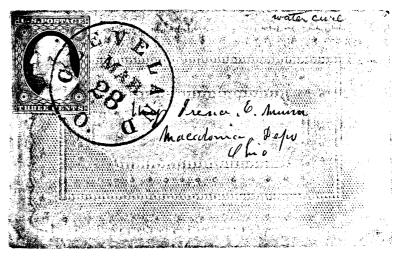
No year C4: 1851 3c Type I Orange Brown Plate 1E Grid cancel



1851 C4 1851 3c Type I



1861 C4 1851 3c Type I



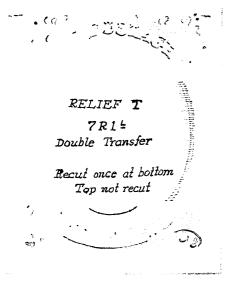
No year C4 1851 3c Type I

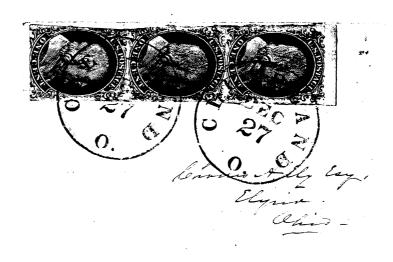


1858: C5: 1857 3c Type II perforate
32 mm circle
C and D below year date
Known use 1858 to 1861

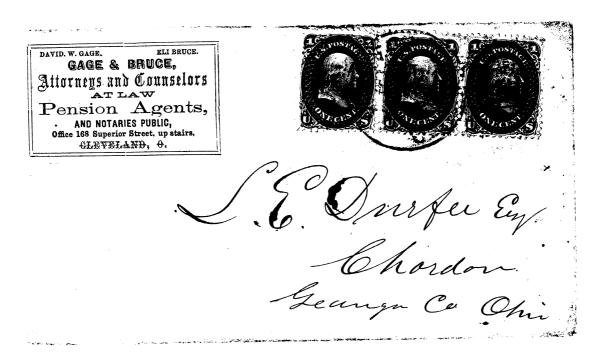


No year date: C4: 1857 3c Type I perforate

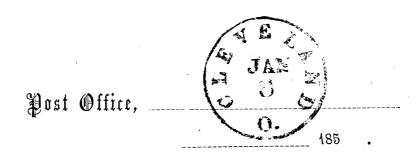




No year C4
1851 1c Type IV Plate One Late
Plated by Stanely B. Ashbrook positions 7, 17, 27R1<sup>L</sup>
Top stamp (7R1<sup>L</sup>) in early stage of plate
was the Type I



1862 C6a 1861 1c strip of 3



Respectfully yours,

The for POSTMASTER

N. B.—Please return this notice with your letter of reply.

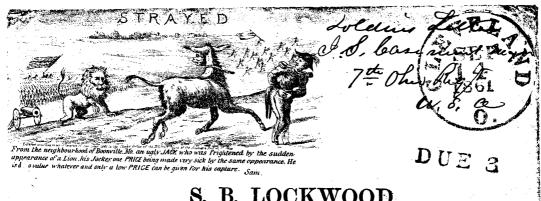
## INSTRUCTIONS TO POSTMASTERS.

Postmasters will fill up, address, and frank the above notice, without the use of an envelope, to all persons within the United States for whom unpaid letters shall have been deposited in their offices; and may dispense with the former practice of posting up notices in their offices that such letters have been deposited therein. If not attended to in due time, they will return all such letters to the Dead Letter Office quarterly, instead of monthly as heretofore ordered.

After April 1, 1855 prepayment mandatory
C4



December 11, 1861 C5
1857 3c Type II
Elyria, not Cleveland, blue 3
1857 Issue not valid for postage in Ohio
after November 1, 1861
Blue 3 apparently signifies Due 3

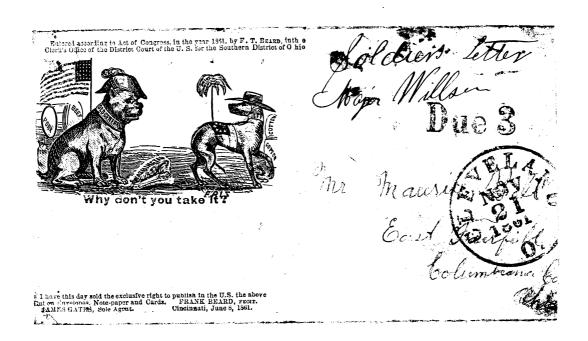


## S. B. LOCKWOOD,

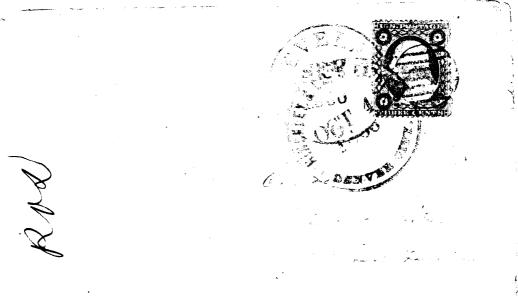
## PAINESVILLE,

Lake County, OHIO

1861 C6 32 mm circle C and D even with year date Known use 1859 to 1861 Soldier's right to send unpaid without penalty effective August 1861



1861 C6



September 27, 1860 C6a
Earliest reported C6a duplex
Delivered by Hinckley & Cos. Express, Denver City
Kansas Territory

**Duplex Townmarks** 

Post offices often used townmarks to cancel stamps, thereby avoiding separate strike to cancel stamp. The Post Office Department discouraged such use. On July 23, 1860, Postmaster General Holt banned the use of townmarks as cancellers and required that a distinct canceller be used.

Cleveland was one of the earliest users of a duplex townmark: a handstamp combining the date stamp with an attached killer.

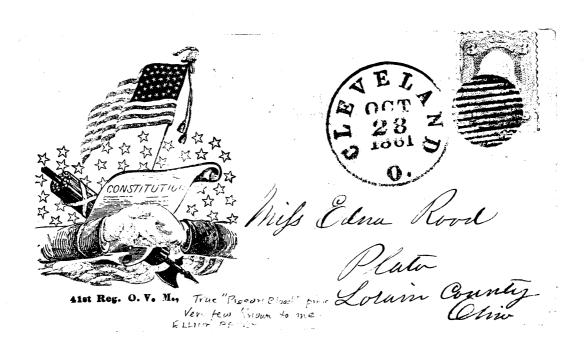
One or more C5 instruments were modified and became the C5a duplex. Earliest recorded use of C5a is August 17, 1860. One or more C6 instruments were modified and became the C6a duplex. Earliest recorded use of C6a is September 27, 1860.

The C7 and C8 townmarks are government issue duplex instruments. The C7 killer is attached and not replaceable. The C8 instrument did not have an attached killer but rather a slot for a killer.

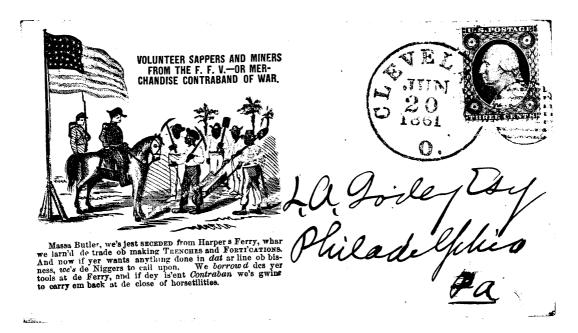




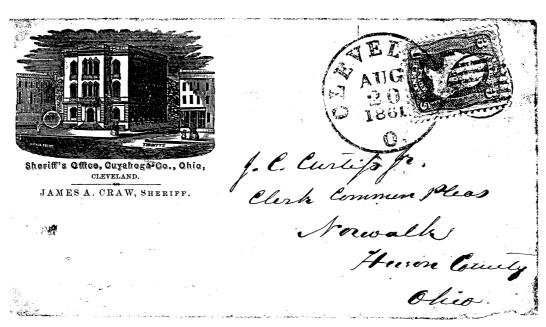
1861 C5a 3c Duplex combining C5 with 19 mm 12 bar killer Known use 1860 to 1863



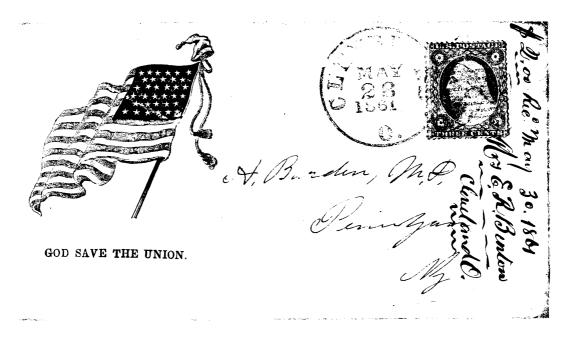
1861 C5a 3c pigeonblood pink (PF cert. 107624)



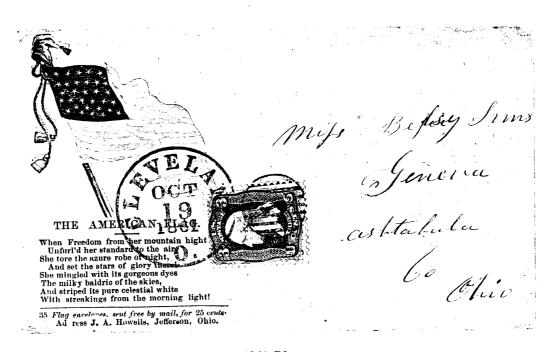
1861 C6a: 3c Duplex combining C6 with 17 mm 7 bar killer Known use 1860 to 1863



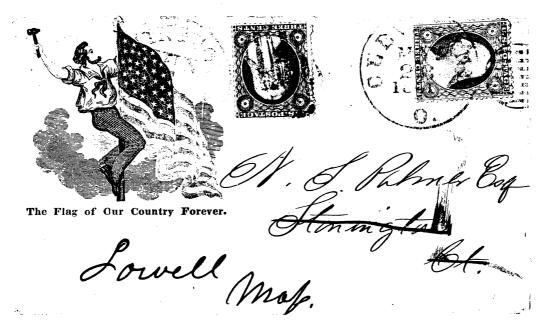
1861 C6a



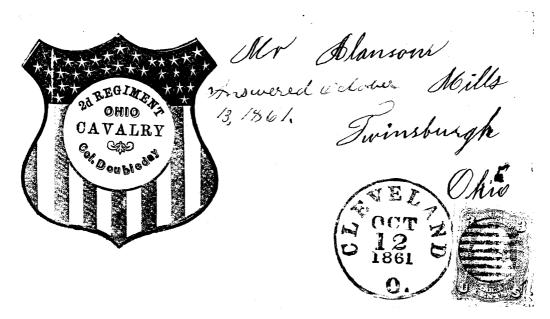
1861 C6a: 3c



1861 C6a



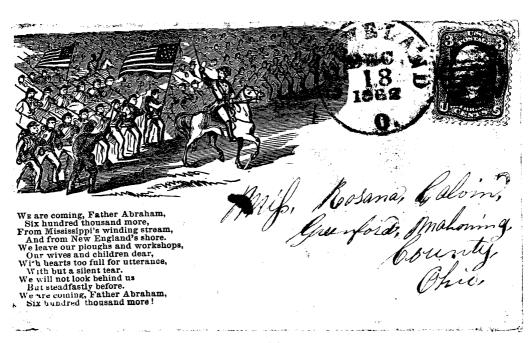
1861 C6a: 3c Remailed at Stonington to Lowell, Mass. Both stamps 1857 3c Type II perforate



1861 C6a

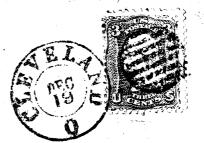


1862 C6a: 3c



1862 C6a

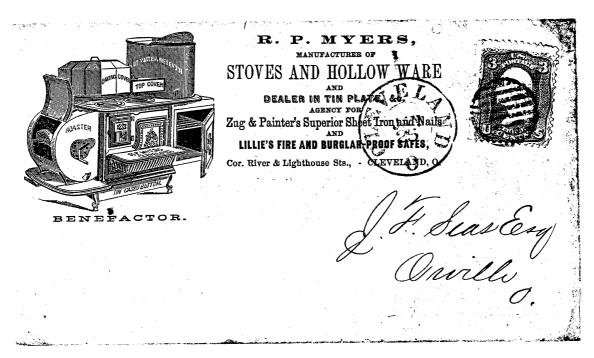




Mrs F. R. Settibone bare Rev. H. Winslow Bringhamton n. y.

No year date C7
Double circle 25-1/2 mm
Duplex with attached 17 mm 7 bar killer
Known use 1861 to 1868

CLEVELAND PLAIN DEALER.  Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly. Only Democratic Daily in Northern Ohio.  W. W. Armstrong,  Rditor and Proprietor.  Terms of the Weekly. The Weekly Plain Dealer, peryear\$2 00 Six Months	Daily Advertising Rates  FOR ONE SQUARE.  1 Day, : : : \$1 00 1 Week, : : : 8 00 1 Month, : : : 15 00 6 Months, : : : : 15 00 6 Months, : : : : 25 00 1 Year, : : : : : : : : 40 00  Weekly Advertising Rates  FOR ONE SQUARE.  Each insertion	STE STORY OF STREET
Six Montas 5 00 Tri-Weekly Plain Dealer. One year, by mail \$5 00 Six Montha 2 50 Three Months 1 25 Subscriptions may commeace at any time. Specimen Copies sent Free. W. W. Armstrong, Editor Plain Dealer. CLEVELAND, OHIO.	190 An	Smith denckaburgh May ne loo Ohio



No year C7

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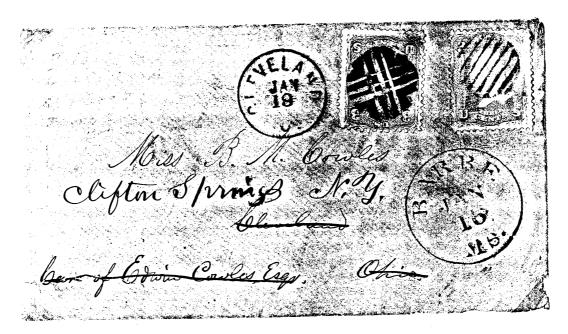
1864 Waybill: C7: Cleveland to Parks Mills, Ohio Accounting for 1 unpaid 3c cover



1867 C7 "A" Grill
Earliest recorded use of U.S. grilled stamps
August 13, 1867
Purpose of the grill was to break fiber of
stamp paper so that cancel would soak into
weakened area, thereby preventing reuse.



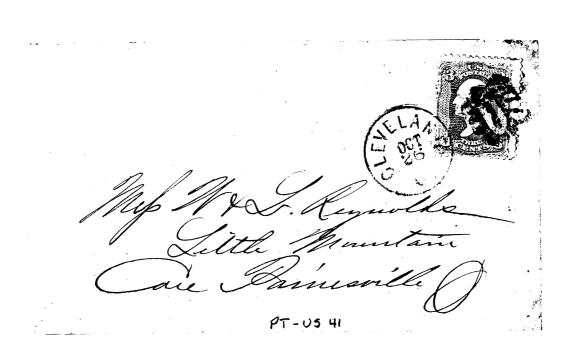
C7 "C" Grill



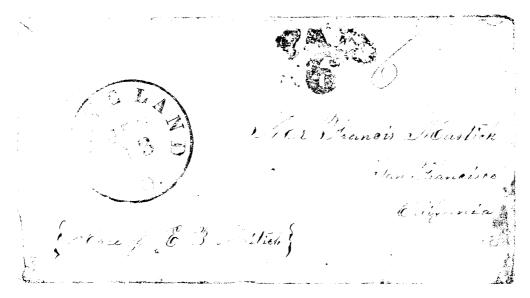
No year C8
Remailed and forwarded from Cleveland: Additional charge paid
23 mm circle
No attached killer
Various cork killers, mostly geometric
Known use 1865 to 1869



C8
Pumpkin face 1868 (?)
1861 3c issue
Use in 1868 is documented.



C8 Negative U.S.



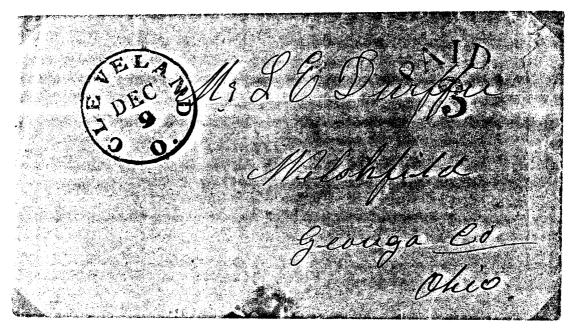
No year C4 1851 Rate to California

## 1851/1855: Over 3,000 Miles

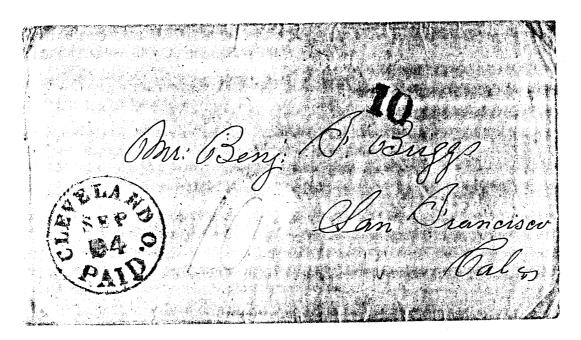
By land, domestic mail over 3,000 miles from Cleveland is impossible.

Unpaid 10c and prepaid 6c and 10c unknown except to California.

Unless traveling by ocean, there is before 1861 no true California 6c or 10c rate from Cleveland. Confusion as to California rates ended with 1861 Act prepaid 10c rate.



Circa 1851 C2 No year date

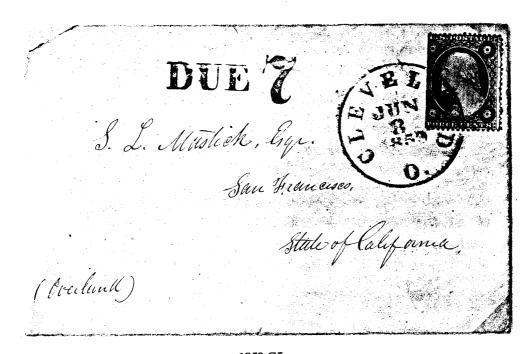


No year (probable 1855): Cleveland PAID: 10 Cleveland PAID known use 1853 to 1859 10 known use 1854 to 1862 Prepayment mandatory April 1, 1855 Prepayment by stamps mandatory January 1, 1856

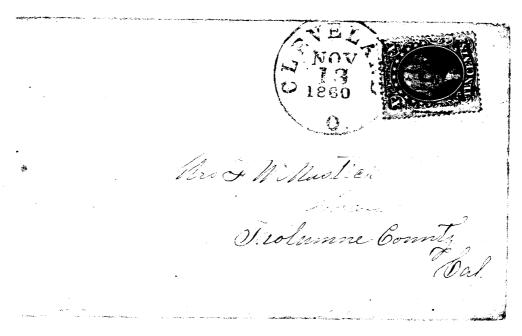


No year C4 1851 1c Type IV and 3c Type I

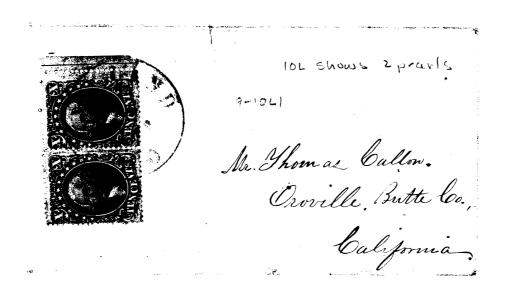
1855 Rates: California



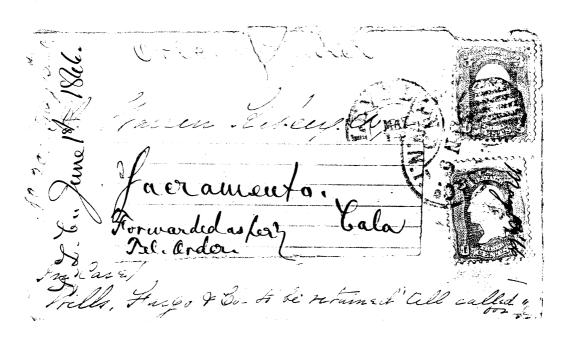
1859 C5
Partial payment of rate recognized
San Francisco Due 7



1860 C6a 1859 Type V 10c issue Early duplex use



1860 C6
Double rate
1857 10c Type II Plate One Position 9-10L1



1866 C7
Mailed to Salt Lake City, Utah Territory
Forwarded by Wells Fargo & Co. to Sacramento, Calif

Written May 13, 1866; mailed at Cleveland May 14
To Salt Lake City (address under label) in care of Wells Fargo "till called for"
Forwarded by "tel(egraphic) order" to Kelsey at Orleans Hotel, Sacramento, Calif.

Carried by Wells Fargo & Co. to California Endorsed: "S(alt) L(ake) C(ity) June 1st 1866" Backstamp: Wells Fargo, Salt Lake City, June 2

Top 3c stamp: Cleveland to Salt Lake City: 3c rate
Bottom 3c stamp: probable Wells Fargo precancel (May 13, 1866)
applied at Salt Lake for U.S. postage payable on letters carried by Wells Fargo

Wells Fargo, Austin, N.T., June 5 transit marking





1 Cen!

Messer Hush I ban Ein

1839

Drop letter was mail deposited at post office for pick up at post office.

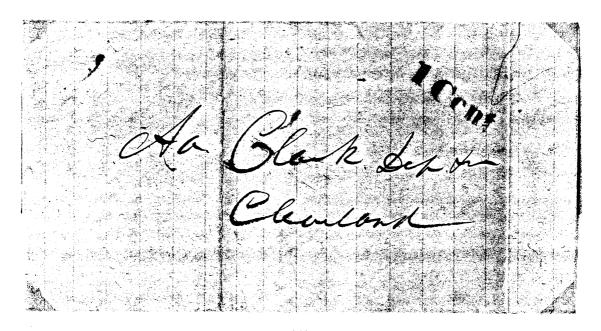
1825 Act one cent rate

Mo Olena

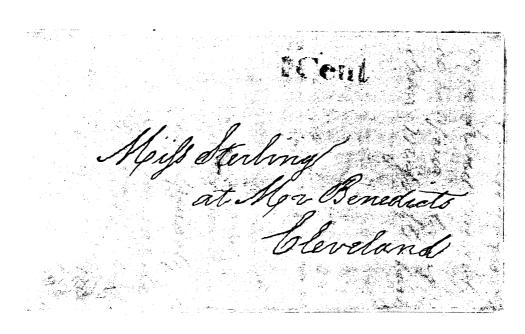
Cable

Par long living is Egg

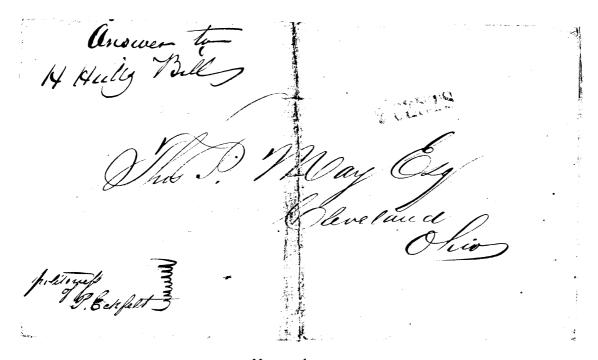
Seaveland County



1843

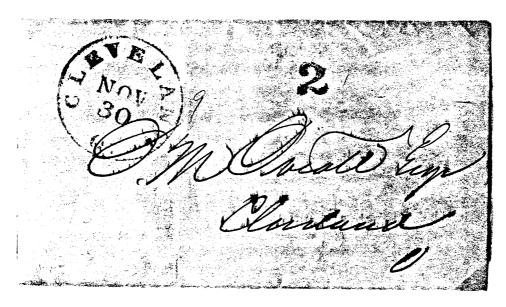


Letter February 14, 1845

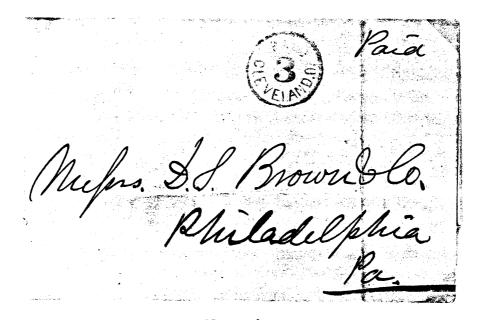


No year date Probably handcarried to Cleveland and deposited in mail there

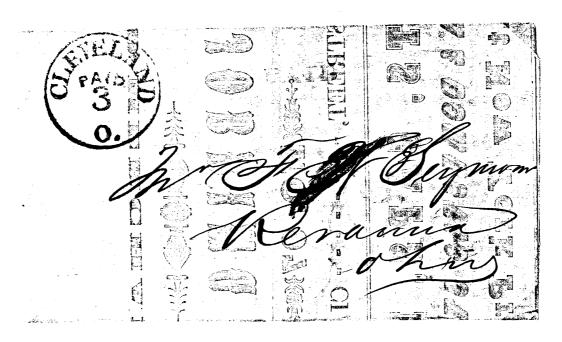
Two cent drop rate applicable July 1, 1845 to June 30, 1851 After June 30, 1851 rate again one cent.



1849 C3 (Not yet listed ASCC)

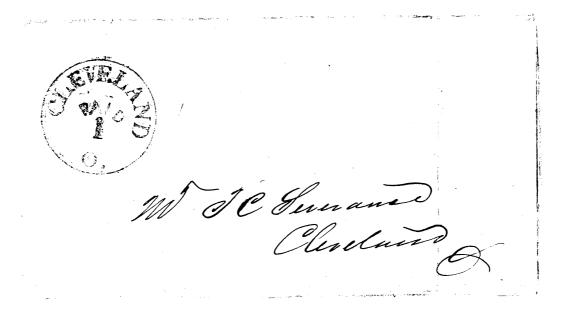


No year date 3c prepayment mandatory (Not yet listed ASCC)



1850 PAID 3

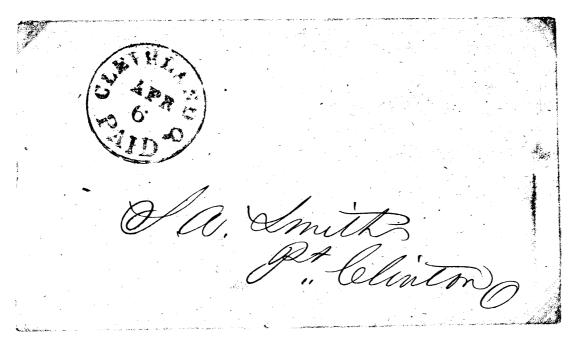
The handstamp is a C1 instrument with "PAID 3" inserted in the date slots.



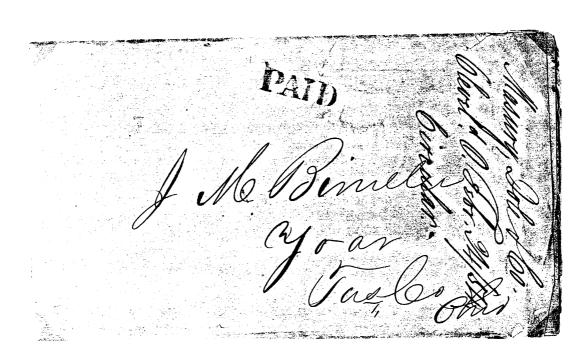
1852 PAID 1
The handstamp is a C1 instrument with "PAID 1" inserted in the date slots.



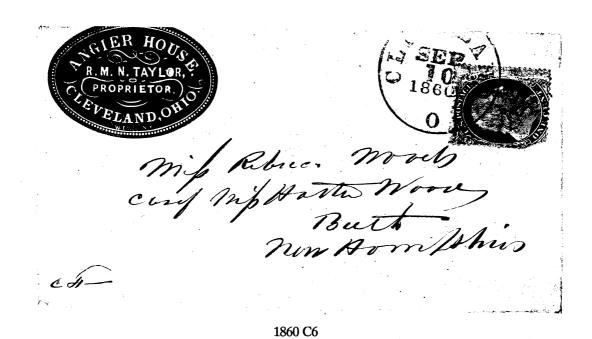
No year C2
Possible 1851 Act unpaid rate: Under 500 miles: Effective June 30, 1851; if so, 1852 use
Possible 1845 Act unpaid rate: Effective until March 3, 1847
Red C2 known until September 1851; orange C2 only until May 1849
Only recorded Box 2: No other Arabic numerals, 11mm tall, recorded
(Not yet listed ASCC)



Cleveland PAID
No year: Probably 1853-4; probably circular prepayment



1854 Circular
PAID 19 x 6
1852 Act 1c rate if
prepaid and 2c if unpaid



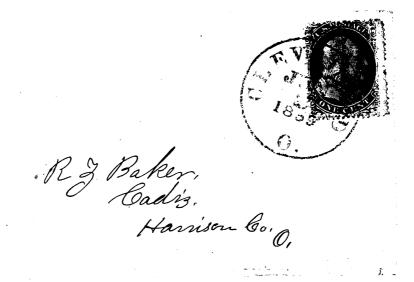
1857 1c Type V Printed matter

NAILS,
IRON, STEEL,
GLASS, &C.,
OLEVELAND,

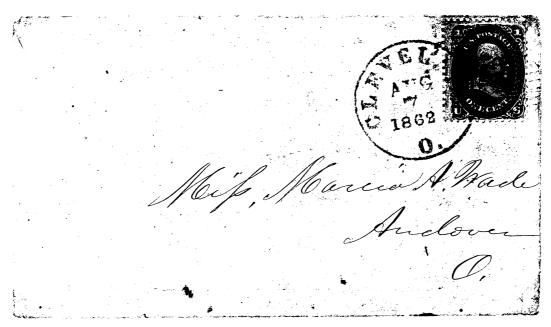
Mills

1860 C5 1857 1c Type V Double rate circular

Circular Rate: 1852 Act



1859 C6 Unsealed circular 1c rate: Not exceeding 3 ounces 1857 1c Type V



1862 C6a 1c: Printed matter rate



No year C7: Carrier Rate 1861 1c and 3c issue One cent "collection fee" paying the carrier for taking the letter to the post office Fee abolished June 30, 1863

Bries Elle 16. Wande Seminay Color Land Hemale Seminay Color land Phis.

No year C7 1863 Act 2c drop letter rate combined 1c carrier fee and 1c drop letter rate, whether or not carrier service provided

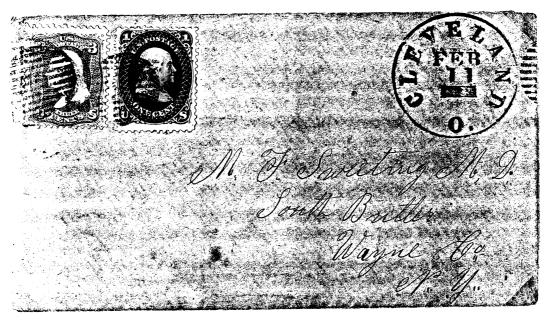


C7 1863 2c Black Jack

The Act of March 3, 1863 established classes of mail:
First class (letters) 3c
Second class (publications issued at stated periods) 2c
Third class (all other) 2c.

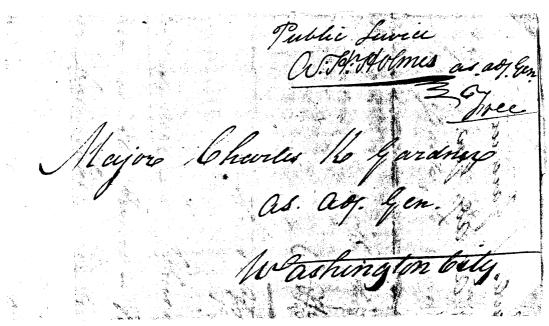


No year C8 1863 Act 2c third class rate Negative star fancy cancel



1863 West Side Branch Office (in old Ohio City)
Established October, 1862 per Act of April 16, 1862
Additional 1c charge for mail deposited or delivered at West Side Branch
Enclosed letter datelined "West Side, Cleveland, O."
Stamps cancelled at West Side Branch with 10-bar circle grid killer.
C5a townmark appled at main Cleveland post office.

Free: Military Express Mail



Letter "Cleaveland, Ohio 11th July 1813"
Major Andrew Hunter Holmes
Writing "As(sistant) Adj(utant) Gen(eral)"
Discusses difficulty of getting returns from field and reports Johnson's Corps at Huron

Public Service: Free based upon addressee office Adjutant General could receive or send mail free of postage on official business "Public Service" signifies official business.

Special express routes to Washington existed during War of 1812 including one from "Army of the North West" via Cleveland and Pittsburgh.

This "Huron Express" was in operation by May 1813.

Many letters may not have been marked "express".

Two letters in Western Reserve Historical Society archives refer to Express Mail to and from Cleveland:

One, Gideon Granger, Postmaster General, to Simon Perkins, Warren Postmaster, July 27, 1807,

"pray you to send this mail by Express [to John Walworth Cleveland Postmaster]..."

Two, Sam Huntington at Pittsburgh, November 19, 1812, to Maj. Gen. Elizah Wadsworth,

Camp at Huron, Ohio, "Letters I have sent for to Cleveland will arrive here, I expect, by the Express Mail".

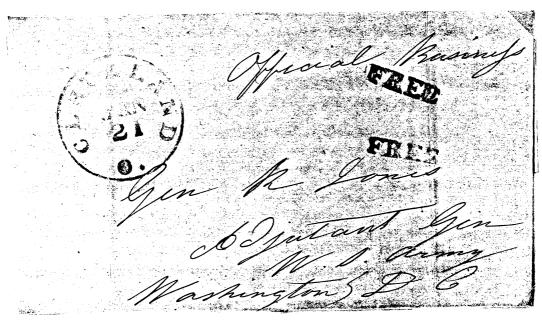
Three articles published by the Cleveland Leader, May 22 and 26 and June 7, 1855, by Q.F. Atkins chronicle Simon Perkins' efforts in October-November, 1807, to arrange "to carry the Express, and common mail, from Cleveland to Detroit..."

The May 22 letter notes: "A special Express mail from Washington to Cleveland had just been established, not stopping...carried on horseback..."

Major Holmes' letter almost certainly carried by express mail. Regular postage rates, including free, applied to War of 1812 express mail.

<sup>1.</sup> Pitt Petri, "Express Mails of the War of 1812; First 'Pony Express' in the U.S.A.," Postal History Journal, March, 1959, pp 63-7 at p. 65.

<sup>2.</sup> James W. Milgram, Express Mail of 1836-39 (Collectors Club of Chicago, 1977) p. 16.



Undated C3; possibly 1850 FREE 18.5 x 4

Official Business to Adjutant General
The 1847 Act restored the right of certain officials to receive mail, if official business, FREE, reversing the 1845 Act repeal.

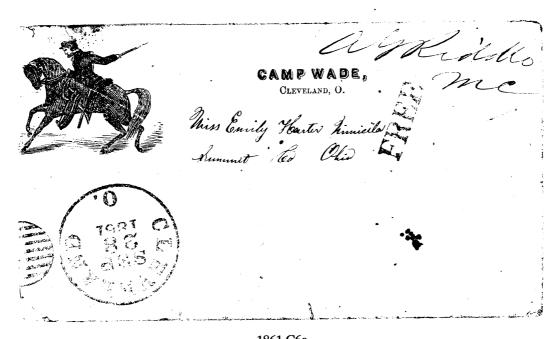
The 1845 Act required postage be collected and the recipient be reimbursed.

NOV 2 NOV 2 14 0) Milliam Dinght Eq. Springfield Mass.

1843 Docketing: C2 FREE 17 x 4

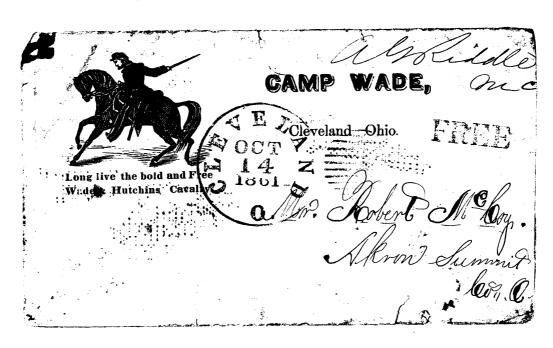
Sherlock J. Andrews, Ohio Representative from Cleveland, Free Frank Written after term expired but during the year the term expired.

Act of March 3, 1841, permitted such use.

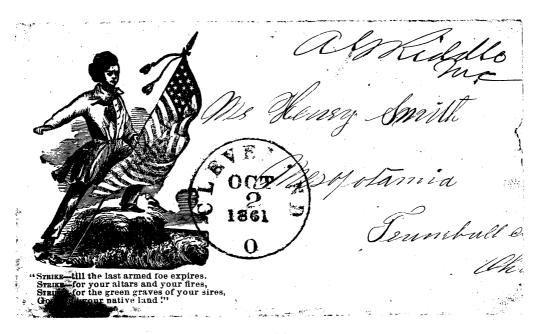


1861 C6a FREE 20 x 6 A.G. Riddle, Ohio Rep., 1861-63 Free Frank Camp Wade: Training or organizational camp for local cavalry

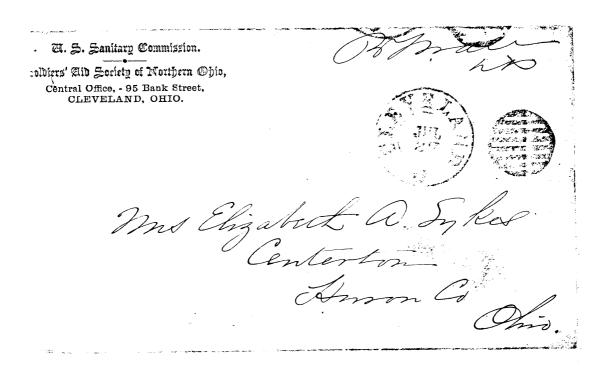
Members of Congress often provided pre-franked envelopes to soldiers, particularly from camps around Washington before privilege of sending soldier's letters unpaid took effect.



1861 C5a FREE 20 x 6



1861 C6



C7
Benjamin F. Wade, Ohio Rep., Free Frank

Free: Postmasters

Cleaveland, O, June 22

Gal. Cobenese Avery
Gaoton.

George Sommethint.

Letter discusses personal and land purchase matters.

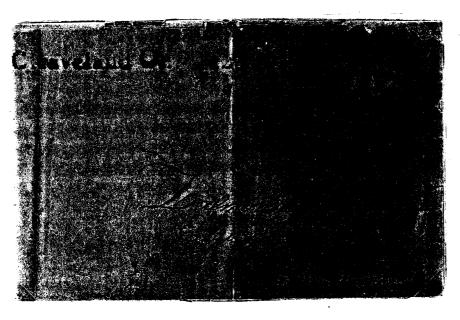
1811: Postmaster Free Frank

Postmasters until 1825 could receive and sent mail free of postage, regardless of content or weight.

John Walworth, third Cleveland postmaster, appointed October 22, 1805 and in office January 1, 1806 until his death September 10, 1812.

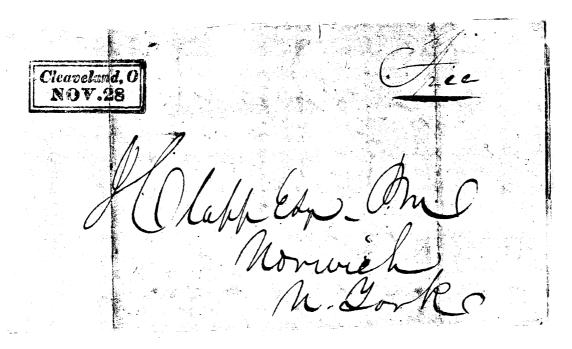
His son, Ashbel W. Walworth, succeeded him and served until October, 1816.

Post office receipts first quarter 1806: \$2.83.

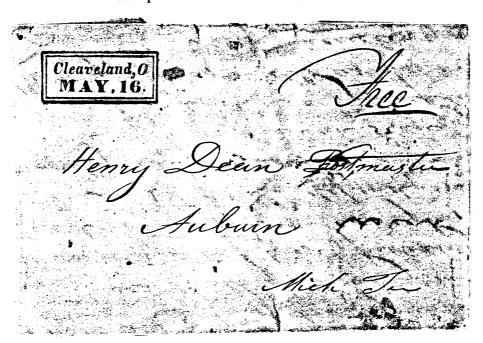


Type II (ASCC) Feb. 15, 1815 Free to Postmaster FREE: 17 x 5

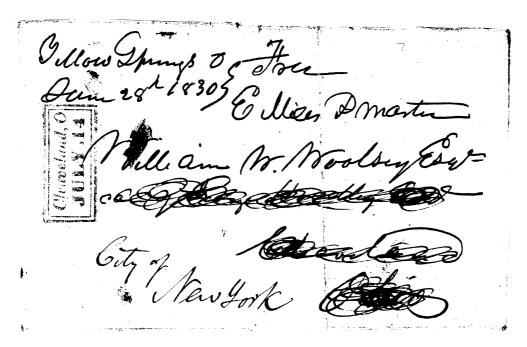
Free: Postmasters



1829 Type II Box
Personal letter to Postmaster
Until March 3, 1845 any mail to
or from postmasters, not exceeding
one-half ounce was free.
Right restored 1847 for small offices.
Free personal mail abolished July 1, 1863.



1831: Type III Box: Free

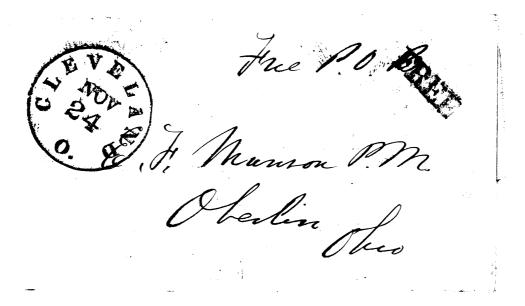


1830 Type II Box Yellow Springs Postmaster Free Frank Forwarded from Cleveland

14 L to 02
Execut 75

Onin Sage En
Part Martin
Blankfunds
Map -

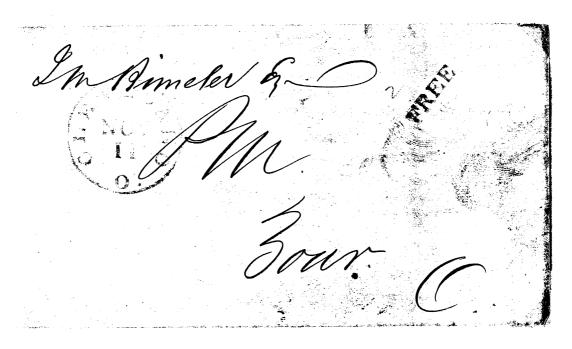
1842 C1
Document enclosed
3 x 25c rate due to weight over
one ounce but first half ounce free
1825 Act
FREE 17 x 4



1853 C4: FREE 20 x 6: "Free P.O. B(usiness)"

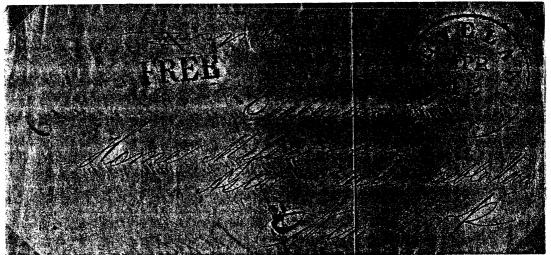
After March 3, 1845 postmasters could send free only
mail relating to their office and had to endorse such mail.

Letter announces change for Elyria mail to the Norwalk Railroad via Oberlin.
Change "necessary to get the Daily papers in any kind of season."



1848 C2
Account of flour sales
Right to recieve or send any mail,
not exceeding one-half ounce,
free restored in 1847 for small offices.
Abolished July 1, 1863
FREE: 17 x 4

## Free: Post Office Business



POST OFFICE.
Cleveland, O. A. M. 1855.
Publishers of The Manual Miller addressed to
- O Many
lies dead in this office.  J. W. GRAY, P. M.
Reason, Refused
Bible Horas Astor Place

1855 C4 FREE 20 x 6

Free: Post Office Business

Dost Office Business, Cleveland, O. Free

Post Master, Omrille

## 1861

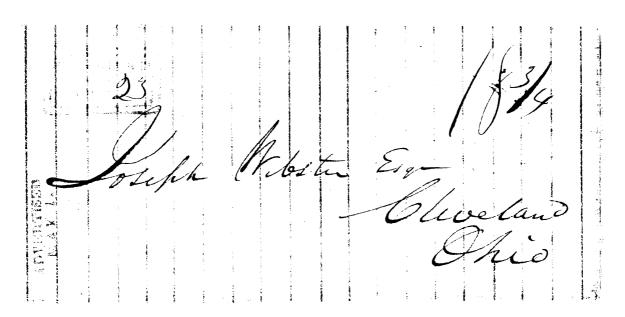
Exchange re letter mailed at Orrville, Ohio containing \$23 cash and not received by addressee.

Orrville Postmaster in March 24 letter stated:
"...it was mailed on the 6<sup>th</sup> or 8<sup>th</sup> February. I sent
a bill on each of those two days as follows
Feb 6<sup>th</sup> Paid by stamp 2 -- 6 Received
" 8 " " 2 -- 6 Received

Will you please examine your account of mails recd and see if these two bill were received at your office"

Five FREE handstamps reported and exhibited:

Dates	Size
1814-1815	17 x 5
1834-1838	23 x 4.5
1842-1851	17 x 4
1850	18.5 x 4
1853-1861	20 x 6



Brockport, N.Y. 1834 to Cleveland Unpaid single rate 18-3/4: Over 150 and under 400 miles Ordered advertised on May 1 in Cleveland

Mail if not called for at post office was advertised in local paper.

Regulations authorized additional charge for expense of publication.

Added to unpaid postage and collected but not always specifically noted.

Parkman Of Milliam Moead

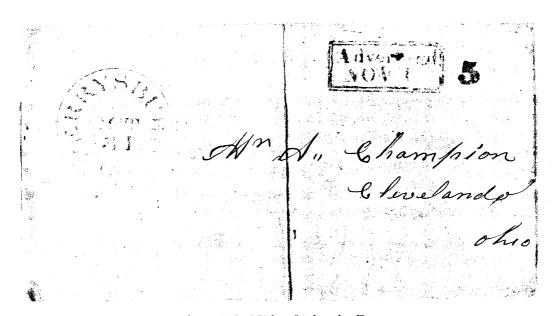
Sume 133 Cleaveland

Chiv.

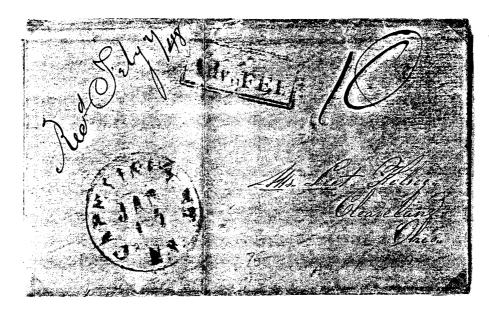
1837 Unpaid single rate 10: Over 30 and under 80 miles Cleveland Daily Advertiser July 6, 1837 page 2



1839 Unpaid single rate 25: Over 400 miles Cleveland Weekly Advertiser October 3, 1839 page 3



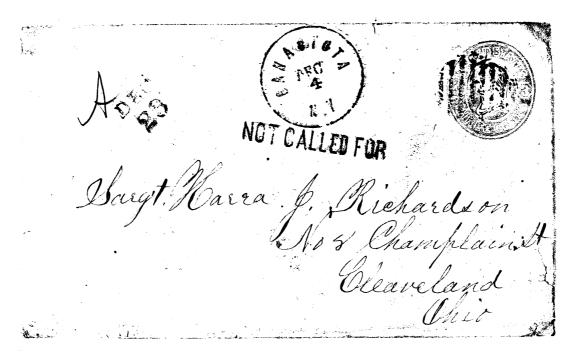
Circa 1845-1850 box "Advertised"
"Perrysburg" 30 mm townmark used 1845-1850
1845 Act unpaid single rate 5c
Two examples reported; other is 1843.



1848 box "Adv, 1 FEB"
Unpaid single rate 10: Over 300 miles
Cleveland Times February 3, 1848 (Ordered February 1, 1848)



1852: Ordered Advertised August 1 Effective June 30, 1851, statutory one cent additional fee



Mailed at Canastota, N.Y. Dec 4, 1861 to Cleveland
Held for two weeks; no Cleveland carrier service in 1861
Advertised December 23, 1861
Marked NOT CALLED FOR probably when advertised
No response to advertisement; held for two months
Sent to Dead Letter Office February 23, 1862
Backstamp: Cleveland C7 February 23, 1862
Opened and returned to writer by Dead Letter Office
Nonreturnable mail was destroyed



From Denver City, Colorado Territory: 1865
24mm Denver City townmark used only in 1865
Ordered advertised in Cleveland: June 18, 1865
Advertised in The Cleveland Herald, June 20, 1865
Handstamp: Have Your Letters Directed To Your Street & Number

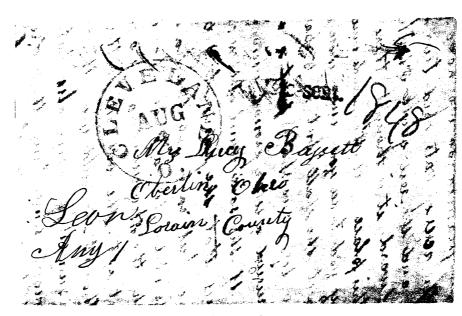
Free delivery by Post Office carrier instituted in Cleveland during Winter of 1862-63 and authorized for cities nationwide by Act of March 3, 1863.

For free delivery to residences, letters had to be directed to street and address.

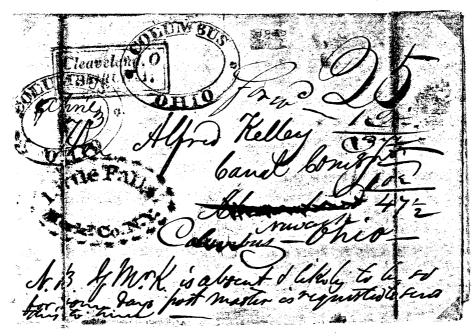
JUN 18

Backstamp

LETTERS DIRECTED
TO YOUR
TO YOUR
REET & NUMBER



1848(?) C3: Mis-sent
From Leon, Ohio, to Oberlin, but missent to Cleveland
No charge for redirecting to Oberlin
One of two examples recorded; the other is dated 1851.



1830 Type IIa Box: Unpaid Date in italics

March 23: Little Falls, N.Y. to Cleveland : Over 400 miles : 25

March 31: Cleveland to Columbus : Over 80 but not 150 miles : 12 \(^1/2\)

April 3: Columbus to Newark : Over 30 but not 80 miles: 10

"N.B. If Mr. K. is absent & likely to be so for some days post master is requested to f[or]w[ar]d this to him---"

Letter: "Sometime in the month of May I intend sending to you for pay[men]t of the canal gates I have furnished...

"You will confer a favor on me to inform me where you will be in the month of May."

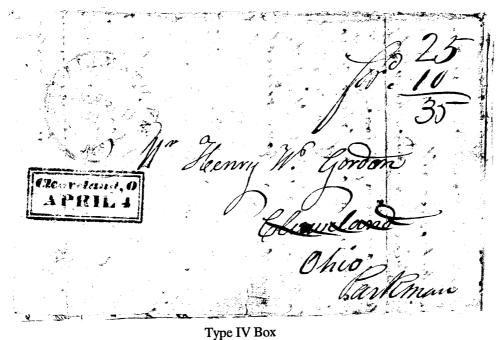
Docketed: "Ansd. 8th May 1830"

The Sincernation of

1845 C2: Unpaid Datelined Huron, Ohio, June 1, 1845

June 3: Cleveland to Washington, D.C.: Over 150 but not 400 miles: 18 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>

June 7: Washington, D.C. to Cincinnati: Over 400 miles: 25

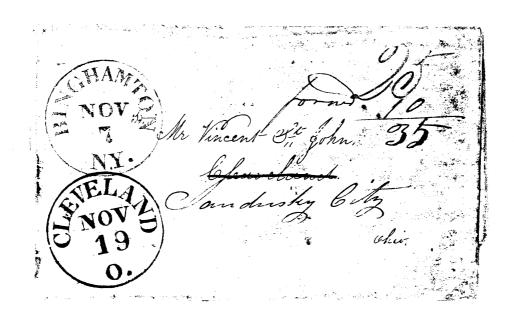


1832: Williamstown, Mass. to Cleaveland
Forwarded from Cleveland to Parkman
Extra charge for distance forwarded: 30 to 80 miles

Post office would forward for additional charge mail collect if acceptable instructions left or received. Recipient could leave funds in advance. Authorized person could pick up, supply additional postage and remail. No additional charge for forwarding after June 12, 1866 Act.

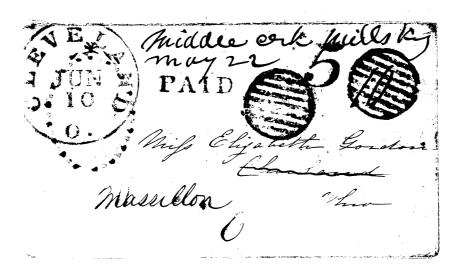


1834: Type V Box Unpaid single rate - 30 to 80 miles - plus additional charge for forwarding under 30 miles

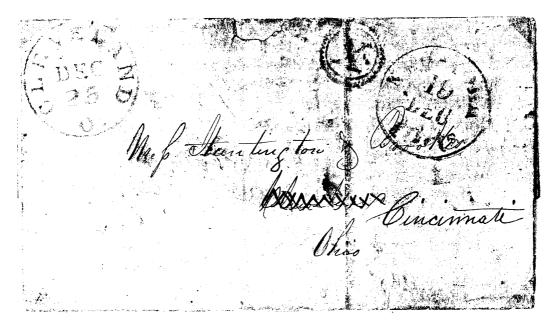


1835 C1
Unpaid from New York: Over 400 miles
FORWARDED from Cleveland: Over 30 and under 80 miles

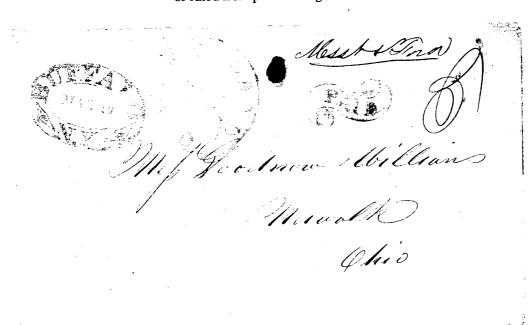
Additional examples shown as Cleveland Box Types II, IV and V and as cogwheel rate marking.



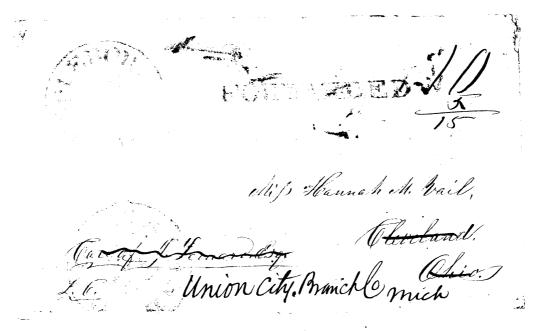
1845-1851 C3
Middle Creek Mills, Ky. manuscript: Unpaid 10c - over 300 miles
To Cleveland and then to Massillon
Remailed and forwarding 5c charge paid: Under 300 miles
PAID 19 x 4



1846 C2
Unpaid; over 300 miles; cogwheel double circle X
Single rate New York to Cleveland
Forwarded Cleveland to Cincinnati
Cleveland to Cincinnati today 249 miles;
either rated as over 300 miles
or rated from place of origin



No year (1845 rate) C2
Missent to Cleveland and forwarded to Norwalk
No additional charge ("5" merely notes rate)



1849-1850 C3
Red C3 known 1849 to 1851
FORWARDED from Cleveland: Additional 5c charge: Under 300 miles

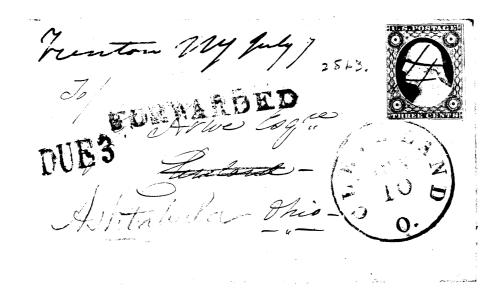


No year C3; after June 30, 1851
To Cleveland prepaid double (?) rate
At Cleveland advertised: 1c charge
Then FORWARDED to Newark: 5c charge
Total unpaid additional charge: 6c



No year C2; circa 1853 1853 3c Type I Forwarded from Cleveland: 5c charge Two examples of the vertical 5 reported.

Until April 1, 1855 the forwarding fee was 5c, the unpaid rate under 3,000 miles. After April 1, 1855 prepayment was mandatory and the unpaid rates were withdrawn. The forwarding fee became 3c, the same as the rate on prepaid mail.



No year C4 1857 3c Type I FORWARDED from Cleveland: DUE 3



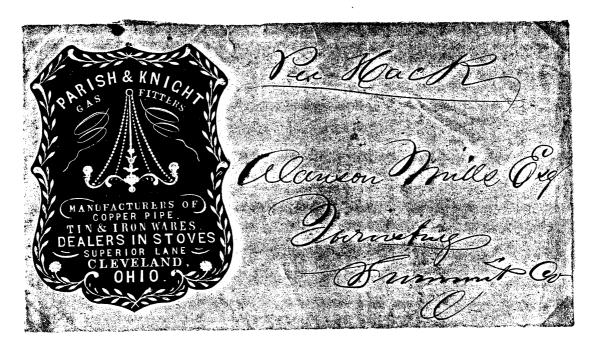
1853 C4 1853 3c Type I Remailed paid from Chagrin Falls; additional charge



1860 C4 1857 3c Type II perforate No outer line at top or bottom . Forwarded at Greenwich, N.Y.; additional charge due



No year C7 1863 Black Jack From Boston to Cleveland second or third class rate Returned to Boston possibly to sender; 3c forwarding charge Held for postage in Boston



Cleveland, September 17, 1836, to Twinsburg; carried by freighter outside the mail

Until 1851 postage rates were high. Private carriage was cheaper.

In 1853 the Cleveland post office was moved to an apparently inconvenient location.

Until July 1, 1863 there was no formal free mail delivery.

Alternative and ancillary delivery and collection systems evolved.

Expresses carried letters outside the mail system between cities.

Locals delivered mail to and from the post office.

Branch post office in old Ohio City, west of the Cuyahoga River, opened for collection and pickup of mail for an additional 1c fee.

Carriers, designated by the postmaster, for 1c fee, collected and delivered mail.



Wells & Co. Letter Express: 10c
From Cleveland August 15, 1844
Discusses wheat and beef markets; encloses \$1,000 draft
Carried beyond Buffalo by Pomeroy & Co.
Delivered in New York by Boyd's City Express Post
Postal rate to New York City 25c



Wells & Co. Letter Express: 10c
Pomeroy's Letter Express: 5c
From Cleveland July 23, 1844
Discusses wheat market; encloses \$1,200 draft
Pomeroy 5c stamp represents its share of 10c rate to New York.

Locals: Kellogg's Penny Post & City Despatch **Bishop's City Post** 



1853 Kellogg's Penny Post operated only in 1853, collecting and delivering mail. Strip of three, with two torn off, possibly to prepay postage Stamp paid only 1c collection fee





2c

Henry S. Bishop was appointed by Postmaster General as contract "Post-Man" for Cleveland on December 21, 1853. Advertisements appeared January 16, 1854.

Rates:

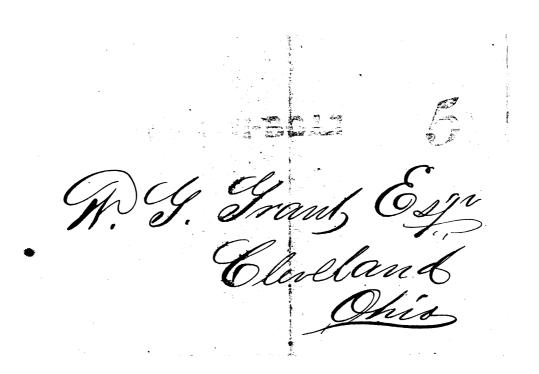
1c Carry letter to post office

2c Deliver letters

Bishop City Post may have operated as contract carrier only January-August 1854. Bishop became Cleveland post office clerk.



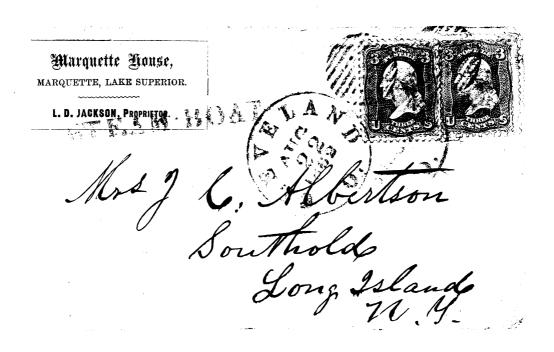
1837 C1 Letter from Toledo, Ohio Unpaid single rate: Over 150 and under 400 miles



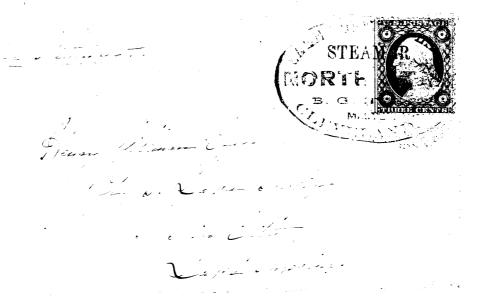
1851 STEAM-BOAT
By boat from Kalamazoo, Michigan
Same postage rate as by land
Captains on Lake Erie received 1c not 2c
No extra postage charge



1852 C2: 5: STEAM-BOAT Letter from Buffalo; entered postal system at Cleveland



1862 C5a 1861 3c issue: Double rate

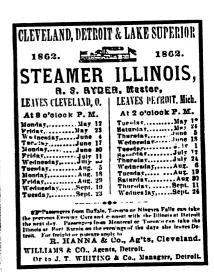


No year date: 1857 3c Type II
Steamer North Star, Lake Superior Line
From Cleveland through Sault Ste. Marie canal
to Duluth, Minn., calling at Ontonagon, Mich., both ways until 1862.
Mailed at Ontonagon, Mich. to Superior City, Wisc.

Mo. Foley & Brother

Eagleharlur

L.S. Mich

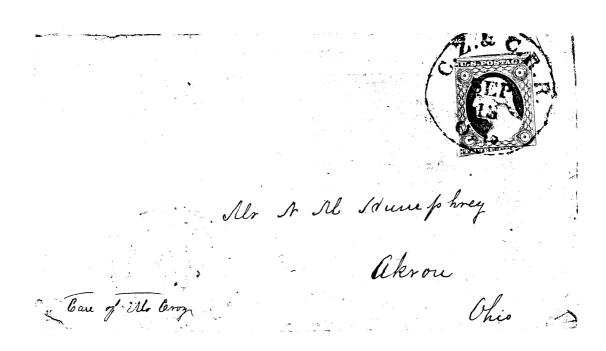


1862 to Michigan; written on board steamer.

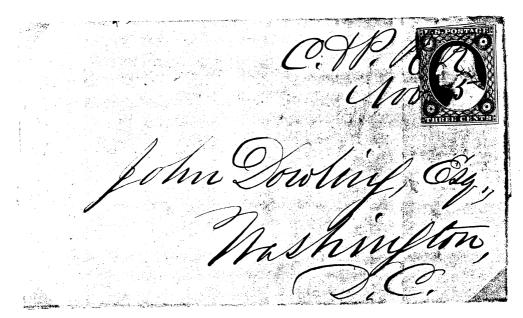




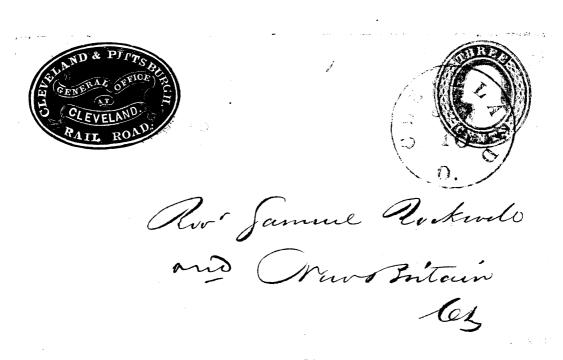
Cleveland & Sandusky Towle Route 559-A-1 Remele C22



Cleveland, Zanesville & Cincinnati 1855 Towle Route 573-A-1 Discovery copy



1852 Manuscript C. & P. R.R. at Cleveland



No year C4

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH
Rail Road Service,

By Train No.

FROM
W. W. CHANDLER,
Gen'l Freight Ag't.

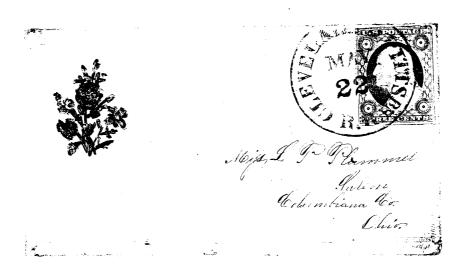
Mesh Randolph

Overmont

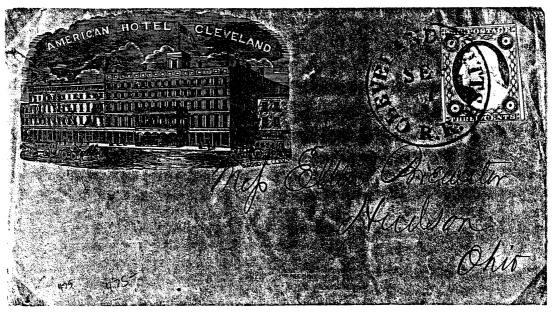
1861 C6a

CLEVELAND & PIT		
By Train No	Cleveland,	
WM. A. McINTOSH, Coal Ag't.	•	No.
am	es Jam	uer (
		( ).

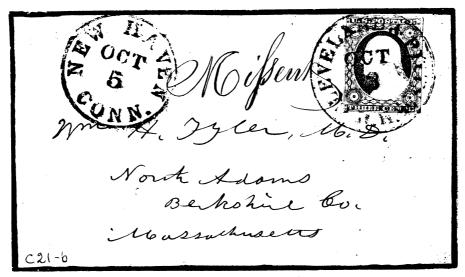
No year: C7 Drop letter rate



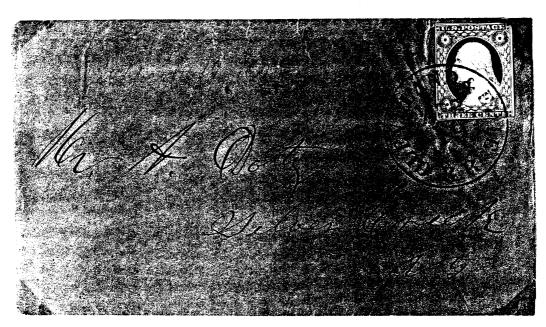
Cleveland & Pittsburgh "Pittsb(urg)h" Towle 554-B-1



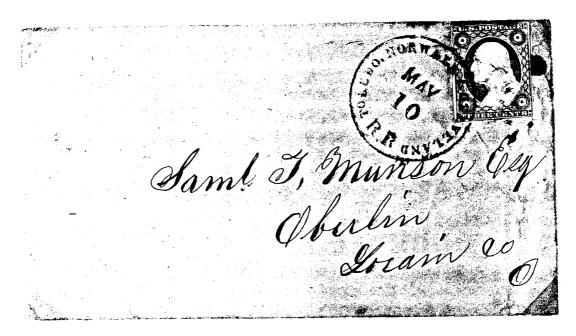
"Pitts(burg) Towle 554-C-1



Cleveland and Pittsburgh
"Pitts<sup>b</sup> (urg)<sup>h</sup>"
Mourning cover missent to New Haven



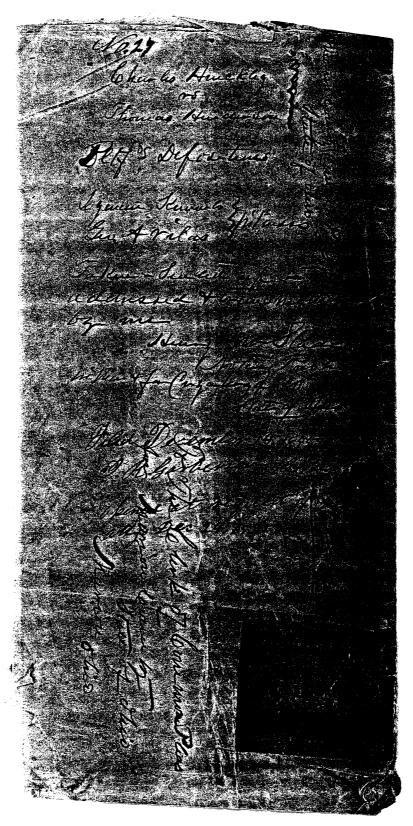
Cleveland & Erie 1854 Towle 115-F-1



Toledo, Norwalk & Cleveland Towle Route 559-B-1 Remele T2-a Black



Blue



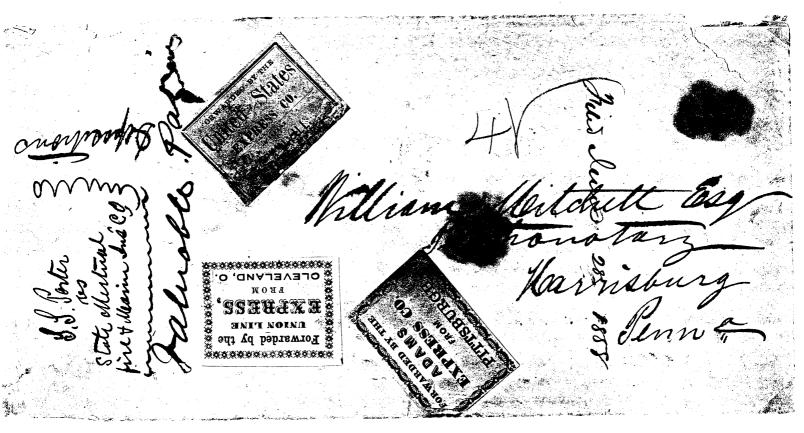
United States Express Company 1855 Deposition from Cleveland

Forwarded by the SUNION LINE

EXPRESS,

FROM

CLEVELAND, O. SE

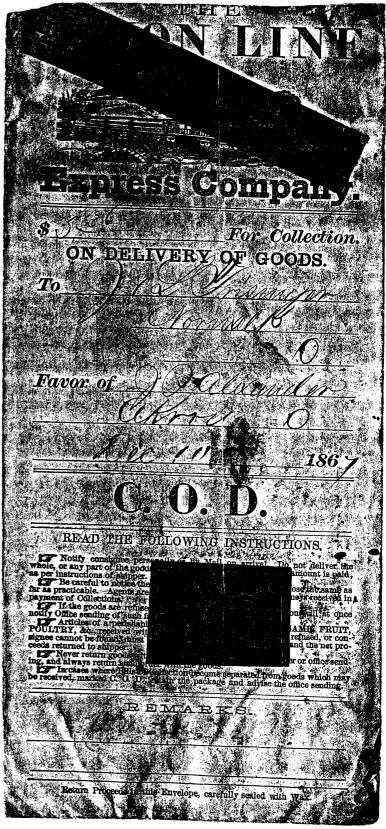


Deposition sent November 7, 1857 and filed June 28, 1858

Carried by three express companies:

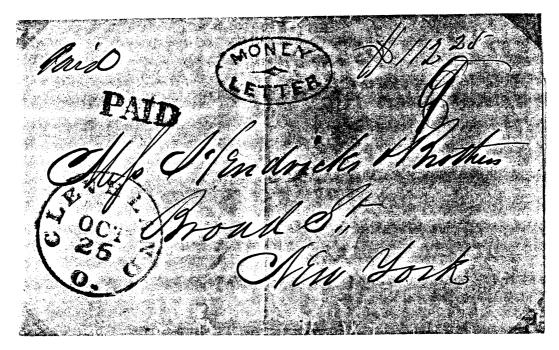
United States Express Co.: Pekin, Ill. to Cleveland
Union Line Express: Cleveland to Pittsburgh
Adams Express Co.: Pittsburgh to Harrisburg





1867 Union Line Express Company Cash On Delivery collection envelopes

To Mentor, Ohio, from Akron Collection returned to Cleveland To Norwalk, Ohio, from Akron Collection returned to Cleveland, via United States Express Company



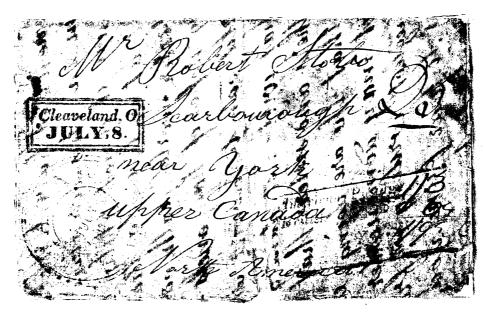
1851 C3 Red PAID 19 x 6 Contents: \$112.25

Triple rate: 9c: Between 1 and 1-1/2 ounces
To record letters with valuable contents and to indicate need for caution in delivering
May have been forwarded separate from regular mail
Before registered mail (Effective July 1, 1855)

(Offset impression of 1851 3c stamp)



1852 Cleveland 3 PAID
Contents: \$20
"24" may indicate letter number
Sender's manuscript "R" denoting money letter



1830 Type II Box
From Cleveland to Scarborough, Upper Canada
Through Youngstown, N.Y. - Niagara exchange offices
By water to York, U.C.

Postage	U.S.	Canada
U.S. Over 400 miles (Overcharge of 6 1/2) (Over 150 but not 400 miles: 18 3/4)	25	1s 3d
Canada Ferriage Niagara to York (under 60 miles)		$\frac{2}{4^{1}/2}$ 1s $9^{1}/2$ d





Ferriage was an additional Canadian charge for conveying by ferry mail between border offices. The charge was added to ordinary postage by distance.

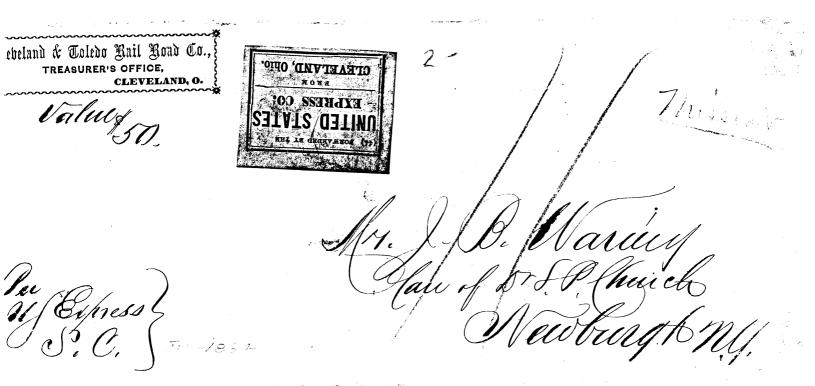
Prior to January 12, 1829, collected at various points on an unofficial basis.

From January 12, 1829, to March 6, 1837, authorized on all mail by ferry.

Abolished March 6, 1837, except when Canadian office was either the origin or destination of the item. In such case no ordinary Canadian postage was charged.

Effective April 6, 1851, the 10c (or 6d) rate applied to all mail.

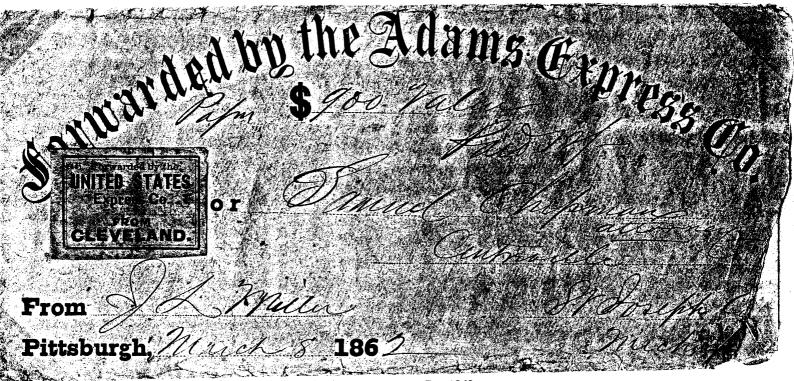
Modified effective October 1, 1856, to permit 2c rate for mail originating or destined for certain pairs of exchange offices.



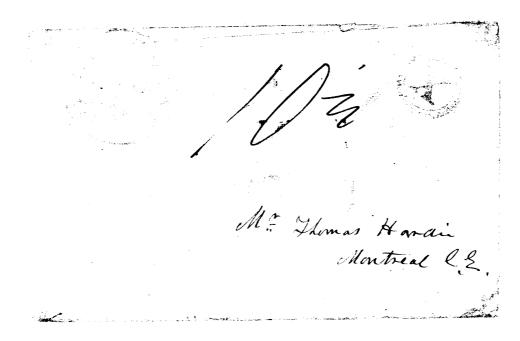
United States Express Co., 1864 Cleveland to Newburgh, N.Y.

19<sup>th</sup>century registered mail provided no indemnity if lost and was really the precursor of today's certified money.

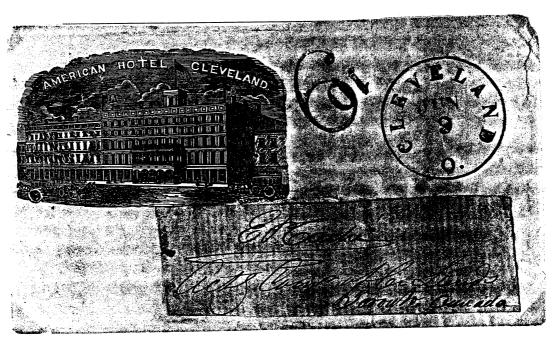
The successors to the "money letter" were the express companies utilizing the railroads.



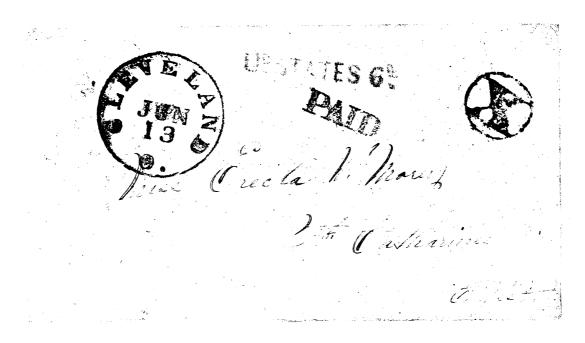
United States Express Co., 1862 Pittsburgh, Penn. to Centreville, Mich. Forwarded from Cleveland



1846 C2Unpaid cogwheel double circle X  $10c \text{ rate} = 6p \qquad to \text{ border}$   $\underline{-4-1/2p} \text{ Canada}$  10-1/2p



1851 C4



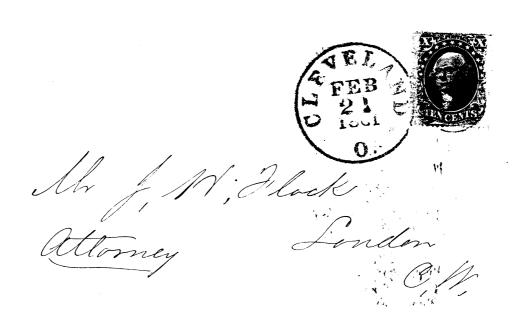
1852 C3

PAID 19 x 6: Circle X

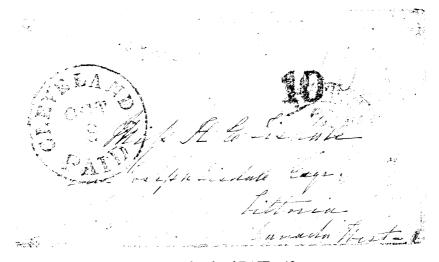
The rate to Canada was 10c or 15c depending upon distance.

The exchange marking, U<sup>D</sup>, STATES, 6<sup>D</sup>, was applied in Buffalo.

The cover is backstamped Queenston, U.C. June 15, 1852.



1861 C6a; 1855 Issue 10c



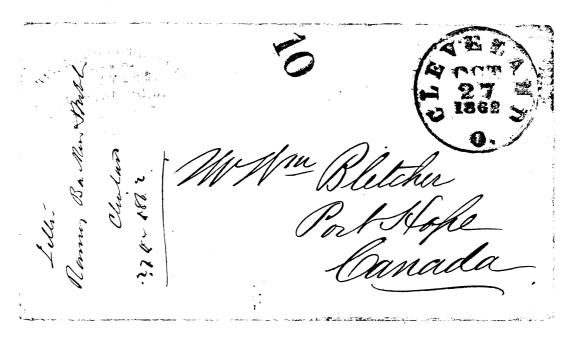


1854: Cleveland PAID: 10
To Littoria, Canada West (now Ontario)
Buffalo exchange marking: Arc U<sup>D</sup> STATES/PAID/6<sup>d</sup>
Backstamp: Brantford, U.C., Oct 10 and Littoria, C.W., Oct 11, 1854

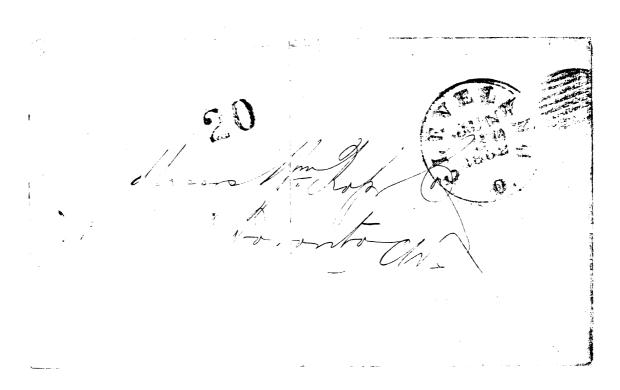
Tess. I'm Constants



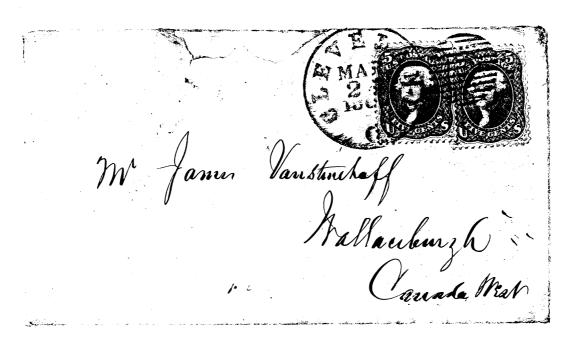
1857 C4: Unpaid
Buffalo exchange marking: Arc U<sup>D</sup> STATES/6<sup>d</sup>
Backstamp: Toronto Aug 23



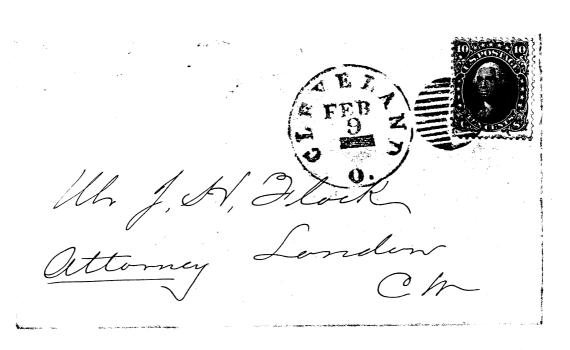
1862 C5a unpaid Prepayment to Canada not compulsory 5c U.S. and 5c Canada combined



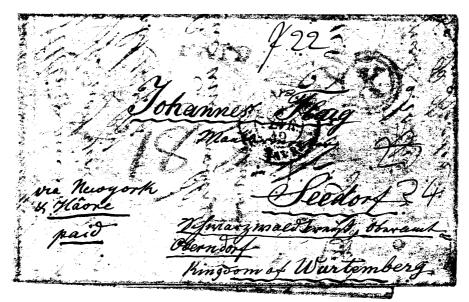
1862 C5a Unpaid: Double rate



1862 C5a; 1861 Issue 5c (PF cert. 104815)



1863 C5a; 1861 Issue 10c Backstamp: London 1863



1849 C2

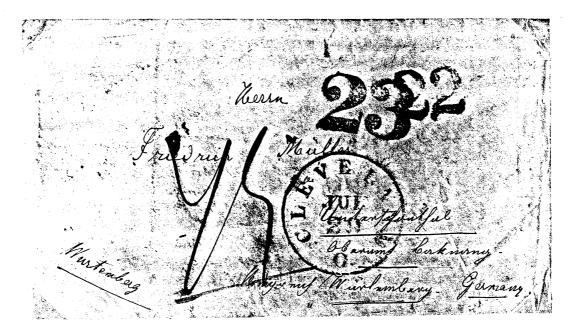
Prepaid Cleveland to New York: Over 300 miles - 10c
By sailing ship (not steamer) to La Havre, France
Handstamped: Outre Mer La Havre March, 1849
Deposited in closed mail thru France to Oberndorf, Wurtemberg
Transit fees to Oberndorf 22 Kreuzer
1 Kreuzer = \$.0068

18/4 accounting between France (including ship) and Germany Total unpaid 24 Kreuzer (or \$0.16), including 2K local post



1852 C2

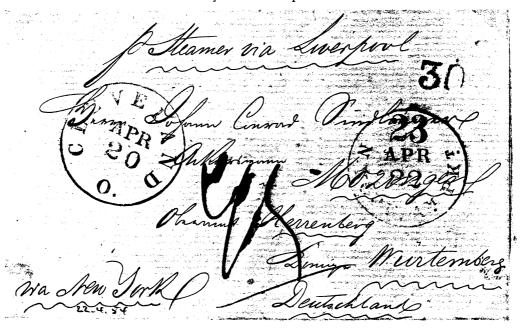
Prepaid Cleveland to New York: 5c: PAID 18 x 4
Carried by Canada, Cunard Line; British open mail to Wurtemberg
Left Boston May 15; arrived Liverpool May 26
Backstamps: "London May 27"; French entry mark; "Colonies &c Art 13"
Due 42 K including 4K Wurtemberg transit and 38K (or 13 decimes) consisting
of 5d British sea postage, 3d British transit and 5d French inland postage



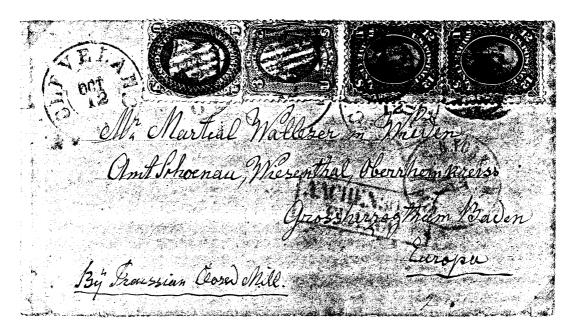
1854 C4

22: Cleveland thru rate marking via Bremen
23: Boston amount due U.S.
U.S. paid Britain 18c sea postage
Sent by Prussian Closed Mail: 30c (45K) due
No endorsement by sender; Boston could select route

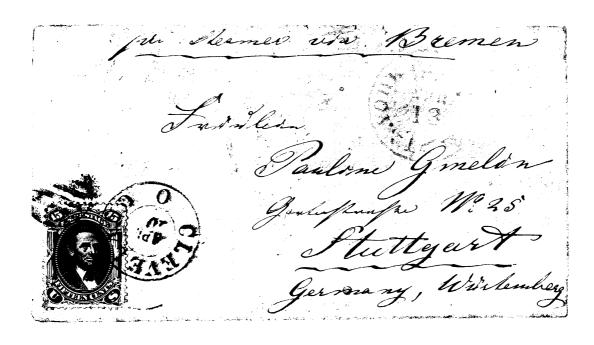
Backstamps: "Boston Br. Pkt Aug 2", "Aachen 5-6 16/8", and "Bachmung 17 Aug 1854"
Carried by Niagra, Cunard Line, from Boston and arrived Liverpool August 13
Only Cleveland 22 reported



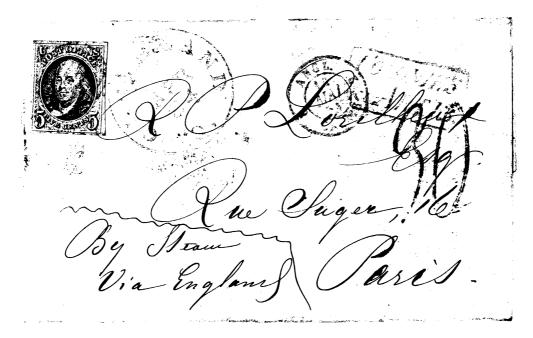
1854 C4: 30c (45K) due
Prussian Closed Mail
Carried by Hermann, Ocean Line (American Packet)
Arrived Southampton May 6 and Bremen May 9
Backstamps: "Aachen 5-6 9/5"
One of 2 Cleveland 30 reported



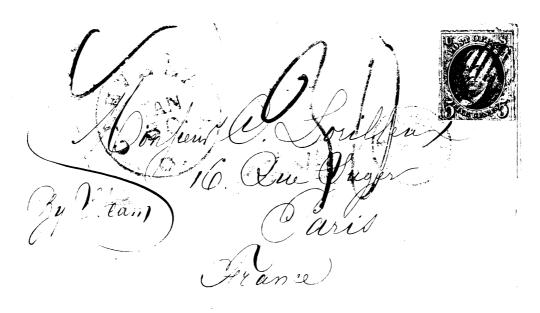
1863 C7: 1861 Issue 1c, 3c, 12c
To Baden 28c: American Packet: 7c credit to Prussia
Prussian Closed Mail: Rate effective May 1863
Carried by Saxonia, Hamburg-American (HAPAG) Line
Left Cleveland October 12; Left New York October 17, 1863
Arrived Southampton October 29; Arrived Aachen October 30



1867 C7: 1866 Issue 15c
Rate to Germany via Bremen
U.S. retained 3c inland postage
Carried by Germania, HAPAG Line
Left New York April 13
Arrived Hamburg April 25



1851 C3; 1847 Issue 5c red brown
To France via England
Carried by America, Cunard Line (British Packet)
U.S. inland postage, 5c under British Treaty, only paid
Single U.S. rate: Double French rate: 30d = 2 x (10 + 5)
Could not prepay or collect all prior to April 1857
Colonies &c Art 13 handstamp - British accounting
Angl/Calais/14 Mal 51 - French receiving
Left Boston April 30; arrived Liverpool May 12 and Paris May 14
(PF cert. 211569)



1851 C3; 1847 Issue 5c red brown
Same correspondence
Carried by Canada, Cunard Line (British Packet)
Left Boston February 12; arrived Liverpool February 23 and Paris February 25
(PF cert. 149185)



1859 Cleveland PAID: 21c: 1851 Issue 10c (Types II and III), 1c To Holland (Netherlands); 21c rate effective July, 1849 Left Cleveland January 8

Carried by City of Manchester, Inman Line (American Packet), left New York January 15 Arrived Liverpool and London January 28

Paid to England, British Open Mail by American Packet

U.S. Inland **Packet** 

<u>16</u> 21c Dutch charge 40

British transit 20 (4d; 1d = 5D cents)

Dutch inland 20



1858 CR5: 33c

1851 Issue 10c (Type I: 95-6-7 R 1), 3c

To Australia: 33c rate via Southampton effective January 1857 Apparently carried by Europa, Cunard Line (British Packet), left Boston November 3 Arrived Liverpool, November 18, and London, November 19 Arrived Victoria, Australia, January 7, 1859



1863 C7

Travelled to Brazil via French mails

Incorrectly rated 45c (or 540 Reis) due: Brazil via British mails

Rate via France 33c

Left Cleveland May 19

Carried City of New York, Inman Line (American Packet)

("Via Southampton" suggests Borussia, HAPAG Line (American Packet) intended)

Left New York, May 23

New York exchange office: 9 debit to France

U.S. Inland 3c

Packet

6c

Arrived Liverpool June 3

Calais receiving mark June 4, 1863

French F/23 accounting mark

	French	French	
Rates to Brazil	Direct	Via Eng.	<b>British</b>
U.S. Inland	3	3	5
Packet	9	6 <sup>(1)</sup>	16
<b>British Inland</b>	N/A	N/A	3
Transit	N/A	2 (1)	N/A
French Inland	_3_	4_	<u>N/A</u>
U.S. to Fr./Eng.	15	15	24
Fr./Eng. to Brazil	<u>18</u>	<u> 18</u>	<u>21</u>
-	33	33	45

<sup>(1) 1856</sup> Anglo-French Convention